The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVI } NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1847. { NO. 4,441.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
J. H. BARBER & SON.
No. 133 Thames Street.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.

☞ Advertisements not exceeding a square published three weeks for $1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion. Yearly advertisers can make contracts on liberal terms. Advertisements will be continued until forbidden when no particular time is specified, and will be charged for accordingly. The circulation which the Mercury enjoys, renders it a valuable medium for Advertising.

☞ No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Publishers) until arrearages are paid.

JOB PRINTING.

HANDBILLS, SHOW BILLS, LABELS, CHECKS, NOTES, STEAMBOAT BILLS, SHOP BILLS, CIRCULARS, TAX BILLS, BLANKS, *of all kinds*, ENGINE NOTICES,

☞ LARGE SHOW BILLS, for Concerts, Lectures, Public Meetings, Exhibitions, &c. &c.,

—EXECUTED AT THE—

MERCURY OFFICE,
No. 133 Thames St,

At prices which cannot fail of meriting a share of public patronage.

☞ The favors of the old Patrons are respectfully solicited.

Weekly Almanac.

JUNE, 1847.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon sets.	High water
Saturday,	4 32	7 28	11 55	0 46
Sunday,	4 32	7 28	morn.	1 38
Monday,	4 31	7 29	0 30	2 30
Tuesday,	4 31	7 29	1 5	3 22
Wednesday,	4 31	7 29	1 40	4 15
Thursday,	4 30	7 30	2 17	5 10
Friday,	4 30	7 30	2 58	6 5

Moon last qr. 5th, 10th hour 36m. evening.

POST OFFICE Arrangement.

MAILS CLOSE,

Providence,	*Daily*,	8½ A. M.
Boston,	*do*	12½ P. M.
New York,	*do*	8½ A. M.
Fall River,	*twice a day*, 8 A. M. &	12½ P. M.
Westerly,	*Tuesdays and Fridays*,	6 A. M.
New Shoreham,	*Fridays*,	8 A. M.

Office open till 8 P. M.
JOSEPH JOSLEN, *Post Master.*

DISCOUNT DAYS,

At the several Banks in this Town.

Merchants Bank, on Monday afternoon.
Newport Exchange Bank, on Monday evening.
Newport Bank, on Tuesday afternoon.
New England Commercial Bank, on Tuesday afternoon.
Rhode Island Union Bank, on Wednesday morning.
Bank of Rhode Island, on Thursday afternoon.
Traders Bank, on Thursday evening.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

Office Hours.

From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.
EDWIN WILBUR, *Collector.*

Newport Exchange Bank.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders in this bank on MONDAY May 3d, 1847, the following named persons were chosen Directors for the ensuing year:—
David S. Holloway, Israel F. Lake, Nathan Hammett, Nathan Stanton, Robert R. Carr, Felix Peckham and John Sterne.
At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Nathan Hammett, Esq., was re-elected President.
JOHN STERNE, *Cashier.*

CARPETINGS
—AND—
PAINTED FLOOR-CLOTHS.

E. W. Lawton & Son,

HAVE received their Spring supply of *COMMON, FINE, SUPERFINE, THREE PLY & BRUSSELS* Carpetings, to which they would respectfully invite the special attention of their friends and customers, believing they have never been able to offer so attractive a variety of styles as at present.—The patterns are rich and beautiful, and the prices such as must insure approbation. Having been purchased with ready money under the new Tariff, they *can* and *will* be sold at a rate that will meet the expectations of every purchaser.

☞ A lot of Remnants of Carpeting, suitable for small rooms at very low prices.

Also, a new supply of PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS, from 2 to 12 feet wide, which for variety of price, style and quality, will compare fully with the assortment of Woolen Carpetings.
April 24.

W. B. & E. J. SWAN,

HAVE on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's *Patent* Ribbed Lamb's Wool PANTALOONS; do. White Lamb's Wool do; do. Cotton Hosiery do; do. *Patent* Merino Shirts, double breasted; do. Merino Shirts; Gauze Merino Shirts.
ALSO, a lot of READY MADE CLOTHING, for sale very CHEAP.
March 27, 1847.

NUTS.—Young has just received the following kinds:—Gordon Almonds, Pecan-nuts, Filberts, Soanl nuts, Madeira nuts, Shellbarks, &c.
Next South of Town Hall.

POET'S CORNER.

WOMAN'S SHORT COMINGS.

BY ELIZABETH BARRETT.

She has laughed as softly as if she sighed;
She has counted six and over
Of a purse well filled and a heart well tried—
And each a worthy lover!
They 'gave her time;' for her soul must slip
Where the world has set the groving:
She will lie to none with her fair red lip—
But love seeks truer loving!

She trembles her fan in a sweetness dumb,
As her thoughts were beyond her recalling;
With a glance for one, and a glance for some,
From her eyelids rising and falling
Speaks common words with a blushing air—
Hears bold words unreproving;
But her silence says—what she never will swear—
And love seeks better loving!

Go, lady! lean to the light guitar,
And drop a smile to the bringer;
Then smile as sweetly, when he is far,
At the voice of an inn-door singer!
Bask tenderly beneath tender eyes;
Glance lightly on their removing;
And join new vows to old perjuries—
But dare not call it loving!

Unless you can think when the song is done,
No other is soft in the rythm;
Unless you can feel, when left by one,
That all men besides go with him
Unless you can know, when unpraised by his breath,
That your beauty itself wants proving;
Unless you can swear "For life! for death!"
Oh, fear to call it loving!

Unless you can muse in a crowd all day,
On the absent face that fixed you;
Unless you can love as the angels may,
With the breath of Heaven betwixt you;
Unless you can dream that his faith is fast,
Though behoving and unbehoving;
Unless you can die when the dream is past!
Oh, never, call it loving!

Hard Words.—A physician thus addressed the surgeon, while in their patient's chamber: "You must not fail to phlebotomize the old gentleman to-morrow morning." "I will never suffer it, cried the sick man, in a fright. "Sir don't be alarmed," replied the surgeon; "the doctor only orders you to be bled." "Oh! as for bleeding;" replied he, "it matters little; but as for the other, I would sooner die than to endure it."

A mother teaching her child to pray, is an object at once the most sublime and tender the imagination can conceive.—Elevated above earthly things, she seems like one of those guardian angels, the companions of our earthly pilgrimage through whose ministrations we are inclined to do good and turn from evil.

To work half your life in amassing a fortune, and then be obliged to spend the remainder of your days in watching that fortune, just for your victuals and clothes, may be called a hard case."

Dancing.—Have the dancers of the present age improved or not, upon the fashions of the olden time? In France in the 17th Century, the ladies at a Ball selected their own partners, saying, "shall I have the supreme felicity, Monsieur? Tradition says that this custom gave wonderful spirit to dancing assemblages, though, possibly, it would not answer so well now-a-days.

If we judge from history, of what is the book of glory composed? Are not its leaves dead men's skins—its letters stamped in human blood—its golden clasps the pillage of nations? It is illuminated with tears and broken hearts.

CANDY! CANDY!! CANDY!!!

WARRANTED to be made from pure loaf sugar, and by the best artists in the country, and as *cheap* as can be bought in Newport, either at wholesale or retail. Come and judge for yourselves, at YOUNG'S Confectionary and fancy Store, next South of the Town Hall.

DOORS! DOORS!

THE subscriber keeps at his shop, No. 17 & 19, Broad-street, over Wm. G. Ward's store, the largest assortment of DOORS ever offered for sale in this town, also Doors, Sashes, Blinds, &c. made to order at the shortest notice. Also, new windows exchanged for old second hand sashes. All those in want call and see, and it is then and there the prices shall be made *KNOWN UNTO YOU.* SIMON MOFFITT.
Newport, January 2d. 1847.

—Another lot of—

2000 ROLLS,

of the cheapest and best

Paper Hangings,

—Just received at—
JAMES HAMMOND'S.
May 8.

SELECTED TALE.

From the Illustrated Magazine for May.

Ida Woodhull:

OR, THE YOUNG MUSIC TEACHER.

CHAPTER I.

'Dearest mother, why are you so sad to-night?' said Ida Woodhull, seating herself at her mother's feet, and looking earnestly up in her face. 'Have you any new cause for anxiety? or rather tell me, has my marrying Mr. Carson any thing to do with it? Oh, you will not, you can not, dear mother, add your entreaties to father's, and, contrary to those principles you have endeavored to instil, persuade me to marry one I can never love; speak quickly, mother, and relieve my doubting heart.

'You have partly divined the cause of my care, but not all; no, dearest Ida, I too well know the many cares and anxieties of married life, that require the most devoted affection to bear one thro' with them, (for instance this fearful change in your father,) ever to wish you to marry, save from the purest motives.

Mr. Woodhull was an extensive merchant in Philadelphia, and, marrying early in life, for many years enjoyed uninterrupted happiness. He had two daughters, Ida and Emily, and two lovelier girls were not to be found. When Ida was about ten years of age, Mr. Woodhull failed; and being a man of the strictest honesty and integrity, he gave up every thing to his creditors, so that it took all he possessed to satisfy them. Fortunately for him, he had married an only daughter, whose property had been secured to her and her children—else had he found himself completely destitute. Mrs. Woodhull owned a beautiful place a short distance from the city, and here they now retired; and Mr. Woodhull, obtaining a situation in a bank, once again had every comfort at command, and enjoyed, for many years, health and happiness.

Shortly after this he was prostrated by a severe attack of congestive fever, and for many days seemed lingering between life and death; but, having a strong constitution and excellent nursing, he soon regained his health. Alas for poor Mrs. Woodhull! she found his mind so much impaired by illness as to incapacitate him entirely for business; but this was not all—had become petulant, suspicious and unreasonable in all things. Well might Mrs Woodhull say it needed the strongest attachment to bear with him; and this was the severest trial of all to this amiable woman, to find him, whom she had loved and reverenced, become so entirely changed.

Ida had now attained her nineteenth year, and added to her other accomplishments a highly finished musical education but her principal charm was in the expression with which she sang—so completely would she touch the innermost chord of the heart, that not until she had ceased, were you aware of the spell that had bound you. She had a mind richly stored with knowledge, and being the constant companion of her inestimable mother, she had imbibed those high and holy principles which, based upon the Rock of ages, no time can change. Such was Ida at the commencement of our tale.

It was at a small party she first became acquainted with Mr. Carson, a rich Englishman, whom she completely fascinated; and he who had withstood the powerful attractions of the fashionable beauties of the day, at the age of forty was subdued by the magic of sweet sounds. From that time he became particularly attentive to Ida, never doubting he had only to offer himself to be most graciously accepted.

Ida intuitively perceived the impression she had made, and, too honorable to encourage feelings she could never reciprocate, endeavored as delicately as possible to discourage him in his attentions. Judge then what must have been her surprise and vexation, when her father bade her receive Mr. Carson as her accepted lover. It was then that Ida was made to feel the bitterness of that change which sickness had wrought. He that formerly studied to gratify every wish of her heart—and at any time forego his own pleasure for that of his wife and daughters,—now, in the embarrassments attending her situation, wished to sacrifice his daughter's happiness for that wealth, which, having lost the means to obtain, he began to consider indispensable.

And now all the energy of Mrs. Woodhull's character was called forth to restore peace and comfort to her household. She endeavored to reason with her husband, and by fond persuation to win him over to her view of the subject—for she was fully determined that Ida's warm affections and firm principles of truth should not become a sacrifice for wealth.

CHAPTER II.

'So, Mrs. Woodhull, you are resolved to uphold Ida in refusing one of the best matches of the day?' said her husband, as he impatiently strode up and down the breakfast room, which he had just entered.

'It may be, my dear,' mildly replied Mrs. Woodhull, 'that we differ a little in the term *best*; and if you would consider a moment, I am sure you would agree with me. In the first place, Mr. Carson is twice the age of Ida, and I do not think that this inequality is calculated for happiness; and then he has a very great opinion of his own superiority, as regards his standing in society, and as an Englishman; this, you will allow, will hardly suit Ida, who is truly American in every feeling. To be sure he has wealth; but can that buy the affections of the heart?'

'Very true, my dear, it can not; but it will buy her every thing else that she wants; and now that Spring is fast approaching, I suppose her wants will be not very few; and there is old Dinah asking for money, and Pomp, too, will expect his new suit of clothes. I ask you, Mrs. Woodhull, where am I to get the means to keep up such an establishment? No, madam; if you wish to display your wisdom, you will like Cato of old, part with your useless servants as soon as possible.'

This was a trying moment to Mrs. Woodhull, for these old servants had belonged to her mother, Dinah had been her nurse, as also her children's; and as she offered them their freedom, their answer was, 'No, we will live and die with you.' How then could she part with them? She pondered these things in her heart, but remained silent, [illegible] became thus excited—for she knew it would soon pass away, and he would be happy and contented until again aroused by some petty contradiction.

In the meantime, Ida, had not lost one word of the conversation, but so busy was she with her own thoughts that she was not conscious her father had left them, until aroused from her reverie by Mrs. Woodhull asking her of what she was so intently thinking.

'Oh dearest mother, I have such an excellent plan in contemplation, if you will only sanction it; but it needs your approbation to give me the necessary courage to execute it. Do you remember Lydia Southmayd—how fond she is of music, yet how difficult it is to make a player of her?—The other day, when I was playing for her, she threw her arms around me and said, if I only had you for a teacher, I am sure I should soon learn; and her father said he would give any money if she could play like me. Now, mother dear, do not think I am vain of my acquirements—for whenever I feel inclined to be uplified by my superiority, I remember old Mr. Lawrence's remark of how grateful I ought to be to my Heavenly Father for giving me the power of contributing so much to the enjoyment of others, while also possessing such a useful accomplishment. And why may I not now turn it to our advantage? If I take Lydia as a pupil, I may get her sister also, and through them, several others; then see, mother, how comfortable we shall be; we can take care of Dinah and Pomp, and I need not annoy father any more by asking him for money. Speak, mother, and say you approve my plan, that I may go at once to Mr. Southmayd's and try what success I shall meet with.'

Mrs. Woodhull remained silent for some time: at last she said,

'I have no objection to your proposition; but I am afraid, my dear child, you have not well weighed the consequences of this first step in life. You will no longer be sought and admired as the fashionable Miss Woodhull, but henceforward sink to the level of those who support themselves—be looked upon simply as a music teacher; I mean in the eyes of the world. Now tell me Ida, do you think you can endure this?'

For some moments Ida was silent; at last she looked up in her mother's face, her own face glowing with enthusiasm, and said,

'I trust, dearest mother, not to find many such among my friends; but if I have only been valued for what I possessed, and not for what I am, I shall not be a loser by the operation; and my resolution is not altered by looking on the dark side of the picture.'

'Then go, my love, and may you be successful in your undertaking.'

Ida tied on her bonnet, and kissing her mother, sped on her way towards the city, buoyant in spirits, imparted by a hope and trust in the world, natural to the young.

CHAPTER III.

'Congratulate me, dear mother,' said Ida, as a few hours after the foregone conversation, she entered her mother's sitting room, her cheeks glowing with the exercise of walking, and her eyes sparkling with happiness, 'congratulate me upon the success of my mission.

'I found Mr. Southmayd in search of a teacher for a young ward of his;—and when I mentioned the subject to him, he seemed so much pleased, you would have thought it was I conferring a favor instead of himself—so you see I am to commence on Monday with three pupils. Now am I not fortunate?'

Her mother embraced her with tears in her eyes and said she hoped she would never have cause to repent her generous purpose. And did she? We shall see.

Ida commenced with her young friends, and in a short time had the satisfaction of finding them rapidly improving; she had also added several pupils to her number—so that she was enabled to gratify, to the full extent, her generous nature.

And did Ida find the world as she had pictured it? Alas! for poor human nature—that we are compelled to answer—no.—There were many of Ida's acquaintances who never *saw* her when they met—others gave a patronizing nod to the music teacher; but a few, of whom she had not much thought in her days of prosperity, now extended the hand of friendship to her who had so nobly borne a change of fortune.—The dereliction of her friends caused Ida many a silent pang—but her heart now warmed and opened toward the few,—and [illegible] gifts.

Ida had now become so much attached to her young pupils that teaching was rather a recreation than a task—but particularly did she enjoy her hours with the young Southmayds. One morning she had given them a piece in which she was to take a part. It was a beautiful trio—commencing with a short solo, until each, joining in, formed a harmonious whole. At first it was quite difficult for Mary to commence at the right time, when Lydia would burst forth in a merry peal of laughter, and the next moment make a mistake herself—but Ida, patient and persevering, at last accomplished her undertaking. After repeating the song several times, they were enabled to go through it without a mistake. It was just as Ida had commenced it for the last time, that Mr. Southmayd entered the adjoining parlor with a young friend.

He no sooner caught the first sound of Ida's voice, than he paused to listen in rapt attention. When they had concluded he turned to Mr. Southmayd and said, 'I presume that two of those voices belong to your daughters—but whose is the divine solo?'

Mr. Southmayd smiled and replied; I beg, Howard, for your mother's sake, you will not be falling in love with it—for the owner is only a music teacher.'

For an instant young Howard changed countenance, then ingenuously answered:

'My dear friend I candidly acknowledge—I have changed my mind upon the only subject of difference between us.'

CHAPTER IV.

Eugene Howard belonged to one of the wealthiest and most aristocratic families in Virginia—and had imbibed from his mother all her pride of birth, and consequence.

Mr. Southmayd and his father had been bosom friends when boys, and their friendship remained unimpaired by the lapse of time. It was with great uneasiness, then, that Mr. Southmayd had observed the foible of young Howard, and had endeavored, as often as the opportunity offered, to combat against it. It was with unfeigned pleasure he now heard the acknowledgement of his error—and begged him to relate how the wonderful change had been wrought.

'You may remember when I left Philadelphia last summer, that I was bound for the Springs full of anticipated enjoyment. But I could not forget your warning—that if I did not overcome my mistaken pride of birth and circumstances, I should certainly become the prey of some designing fortune hunter. At the Springs I had a pretty fair field to test the truth of your principles, for those I met there were of all classes. To commence then—for I was in earnest—I entered my name as Mr. Nobody-of-any consequence, and I was allowed to pass in and out without creating the least sensation. This was rather mortifying at first, but I was the better enabled to make my observations.

'Among the visitors, I observed one young lady who particularly interested me—she was not handsome, but I observed that those addressing her, did so with the greatest deference. I inquired her name—and found to my astonishment, she was a Miss L——, of New York, not at all famed for wealth—but exercising her good judgment in thinking for herself. Not being governed in her opinion of others by their wealth or fashion, her independence of character had given her considerable consequence. I soon obtained an introduction, and she helped to rid me of many of my follies. One evening as we sat conversing together, we overheard a conversation between two young ladies, who did not perceive our vicinage, which was of considerable service to me. Their conversation was to this effect.

'So, Anna rich Mr. Howard is expected here soon, and I have made up my mind to *catch* him if I can.'

'If he is that piece of pomposity, Mary, that I have heard him described, I wish you joy of your bargain—I do not believe wealth ever bought the love of a noble heart, and that, in my opinion, is the only true riches for that alone can never change. Mr. H may be a very fine young man, but I could never endure him if he is as proud as I have heard.'

'I don't care a straw for his pride; he has *wealth* in abundance—that is all I want'—and they passed on.

'For some time we remained silent. I then asked Miss L——, if she did not believe in the nobility of family? She said, 'as far as my ancestors can transmit to me a name unsullied by one act of dishonor, I am proud of my ancestry, but as a true American, I bow to no nobility save that which God has planted in the soul. As for those who marry merely from motives of aggrandisement, they rarely fail to make a wreck of happiness. I sincerely hope Mr Howard will escape Miss Mary.'

'In a few days Miss L—— returned to New York, where she was shortly after married; and I now resumed my consequence as the *wealthy* Southerner. It was wonderful to watch the manœuvers of mothers, and alas! of daughters also—to catch the fortune. Suffice it to say, I have determined never to marry unless I am satisfied affection and not wealth is the motive.'

'I honor your resolution,' said Mr Southmayd.

'And now, Eugene, have on all your armor, for I am going to introduce you to the fascinating Miss Woodhull. As he spoke he threw open the folding doors and ushered him into the music room.

CHAPTER V.

Great was Ida's confusion at the introduction of a stranger, for she suspected he had been a listener. Mr. Southmayd, pitying her embarrassment, asked for one of his favorite airs; and Ida, soon forgeting all, save the sentiment of the song, recovered her composure quite unconscious of the sensation she was creating in the heart of young Howard. When she had finished, the silence that followed, was sweeter praise than the most studied applause could have been; and after an hour spent in agreeable conversation, Ida departed, having other engagements to fulfil.

And why is it now that Ida looks forward to her hours with the young Southmayds with such pleasure? Howard had become quite an acquisition to their circle, occasionally accompanying them in some song; or taking a book with the ostensible purpose of reading—quietly to watch Ida, unconsciously strengthening his feeling of admiration for her into a deep and rooted affection.

And how fares it with Ida? Alas! she did not stop to analyse her feelings; but conscious only of the pleasure she enjoyed in his society, she was innocently tightening the silken cord that bound her. But she was soon to awaken from her dream. One morning, while Ida was awaiting the entrance of her pupils in the music room, young Howard entered with an open letter in his hand, and finding Ida alone, thus addressed her:

'I have just received a letter from mother requesting my return home. Will you allow

me to thank you, Miss Woodhull, for the many delightful hours I have spent in your society.' As he spoke he kept his eye intently fixed upon her.

Poor Ida! she felt as though an arrow had entered her heart. A deadly paleness overspread her countenance, but true to her woman's nature, she endeavored to conceal her feelings; and, looking up with all the composure she could assume, caught the intent gaze of Howard, which sent the tell-tale blood mantling o'er brow and neck, revealing that which she would willingly have hidden.

And why did young Howard's face brighten with such intense delight? He felt he was beloved; and at once determined to seize the happiness presented him. Taking Ida's hand he respectfully asked permission to request it as a gift from her parents.—Not until then did Ida truly realize how deep was her affection for Howard; but when she felt that for him she was willing to leave a mother so devotedly beloved, the feeling was too painful, and she burst into tears. Her lover fully sympathizing with her, endeavored to calm her agitation, in which he was soon successful; and accompanying her home, had the satisfaction of being accepted by Mrs. Woodhull as her future son-in-law.

Time now sped quickly on, and Ida was shortly to resign her happiness into another's keeping. Had she no doubts or fears? None—there was but one drawback to her felicity. In marrying she was depriving her mother of many luxuries to which she had been accustomed, but putting her trust in Providence, that all things would be ordered aright; her bridal morn found her radiant in smiles, full of hope and trust in him for whom she was about to leave all else. After the ceremony, and as they were about to depart, Mr. Howard gave his wife a paper, telling her it was her wedding present. How Ida's heart swelled with gratitude when she found it was a deed of gift, the income of which would enable her to make her beloved mother independent.—But, turning to her husband, she said:—"How is it, dear Eugene, you can give me this extravagant present? Mr. Southmayd said you were of an excellent family, but never conveyed the slightest idea of your being wealthy."

'You see, Ida, I had a mind to be loved for myself alone; and while I consider that I have secured the highest prize I could desire, you may thank dame Fortune for not turning the wheel around to you empty.'

And now, gentle reader, shall we leave them?—or take a peep behind the curtain after a lapse of five years? Here is Mr. Howard's description of his home—you shall judge for yourself. Writing to his friend, he says:

'I wish you could see Ida fulfilling her duties as the head of my household. She is kind and gentle, yet firm in her rule; and there is not a slave on my plantation but looks upon her as almost an angel. As regards my mother, she is a complete contrast to Mrs. Woodhull of affection and principle.—If you would know any thing of Ida as a mother, you must come and see her. I shall always bless the day when you made me acquainted with her.'

Thus is it always! Those principles of truth and integrity which, if strictly adhered to, so oftimes lead us through thorny paths, yet will they ultimately bring us into green pastures, where flowers continually spring up to bless us as we pass on through life; but if neglected and lost sight of for the sake of pomp and vanity, will as surely end in the wreck of happiness.

ELIZABETH.

THE STEAMER RACE.—The New-York Express has an account of the exciting race between the Oregon and the C. Vanderbilt, on Tuesday, from which we take the following:—

The two boats started at 5 minutes to 11 o'clock. The Oregon was half a length ahead up to Bull's Ferry,—and it was then a dead heat till they got to Piermont. Opposite Bull's Ferry they run into each other, smashing a few boards out of the Oregon's wheel-house. No damage to the other boat that could be seen. The two boats were neck and neck about 200 rods this side of the stake boat, off Sing Sing,—when the Oregon took the lead, going inside. The Vanderbilt stopped wheel, rounded the stake and turned short about, while the Oregon went nearly a mile and a half around. The Oregon therefore gained in time, and came out ahead, and returned with the lead.

Off Spuyten Devil, the Oregon got out of coal. Capt. Law ordered the burning of every loose thing that hands could be laid on. The slats in the berths, old barrels, logs of wood, gang plank, doors, &c., were burnt. The Vanderbilt then began to gain and gained about a length from Spuyten Devil.

The whole time consumed in racing was 3 hours 20 minutes—the Oregon having returned to the starting place at the Battery, 15 minutes past 2 o'clock. The distance run was 72 miles, 36 out and 36 back, which is at the rate of 2 minutes 77-100 per mile.

The Hendrick Hudson, laden with passengers, kept at a steady distance as far as Tarrytown, where she waited the return of the boats. The John Marshall, the Mountaineer, and the Knickerbocker, all crowded with passengers, comprised a part of the escort. The North River, all the way up to Yonkers, seemed to be lined with people.

The highest revolutions of the Oregon were 21 1-2 per minute. The Vanderbilt's 23 per minute; Hendrick Hudson's, 22.—The race, on the part of Messrs. Law and Vanderbilt, was to test the model, machinery, and speed of the two steamers.

A VALUABLE HORSE.—A wag in Pennsylvania not long since purchased a vey fine horse. Returning from a ride a few days afterwards he said that he had discovered a quality in this animal which added fifty dollars to his value—"*He obeyed at a Constable.*"

FOREIGN NEWS.

The steam packet ship HIBERNIA, Capt. Ryrie, arrived at Boston Thursday morning in a passage of 14 1-2 days from Liverpool, bringing advices to the 19th ult.

The commercial pressure continues unabated. The European Times says:

"Neither the government nor the opposition will consent to tamper with the currency; and the consequence is that commercial matters are reduced almost to a condition of primeval simplicity—a state of barter. Money is so scarce that an artificial value is imparted to it. Men of undoubted solvency must sell out at whatever sacrifice, in order, as the Americans quaintly phrase it, "to realise." All public securities are depressed—the value of the best descriptions of railway stock has fallen enormously—trade is nearly brought to a stand still—credit receives a shock which shatters the whole social system—and the capitalist and the carpenter, on the score of independence may shake hands, as there is truly a *shaving* between them. Terrible this—but true."

The Cotton trade has suffered severely from the pressure in monetary circles, and the transactions in this article during the last fortnight have been small, and prices had declined. A better feeling, however, had began to manifest itself since the advices received in England by the Cambria; business was improving and prices have an advancing tendency.

Provisions are at high prices. In consequence of the smallness of the stock of Grain all over Europe, a further important advance has taken place in bread stuffs during the last fortnight, both in England and at many of the near continental ports. Apprehensions were entertained that the supplies would prove inadequate to the demand, before the next harvest. The Times says:

On the 4th inst. we quoted Canadian red Wheat at 11s. to 11s. 2d.; white do. 11s. 3d. to 11s. 4d.; United States red, 11s. 3d. to 11s. 6d.; white do. 11s. 6d. to 12s. 3d. Yesterday (18th) it was sold as follows:—Canadian red Wheat 13s. 6d. to 14s.; white do. 14s to 14s. 3d.; U. S. red 13s. 9d, to 14s.; white do. 14s. 3d. to 14s. 8d.

Indian Corn was worth 50s. to 51s. 6d. on the 4th inst. Yesterday it brought 63s. to 66s. per quarter of 480 lbs.

Canadian sweet Flour, on the 4th inst., quoted at 40s. to 41s. per bbl., and U. S. sweet at 39s. to 40s. 6d. Our quotations to-day show a rise of 7s. 6d. to 8s. per quarter on the former, and 8s. 6d. to 9s. 6d. on the latter.

The market for American cured Provisions continued steady, and the importations from the United States in most instances meet a ready sale,—Beef and Pork at former prices. Bacon has advanced from 7 1-2d. to 9d. per lb.

The accounts from the manufacturing districts are represented to be of the most gloomy character, with no hope of any decided improvement until the price of provisions is lower and the demand for manufactured goods [illegible] system still prevails in many of the cotton and woollen districts, so that numbers of the operatives are nearly destitute of employment. The latest accounts from Bradford, Halifax, Huddersfield, Leeds, &c., complain of the absence of demand for worsted and woollen goods.

The season, which had been unusually backward and, coupled with the existing scarcity of food had given rise to serious alarm for the future, had within the last few days materially improved, and the feeling of despondency had given place to hope. Appearances indicated an early and prolific yielding of the earth's fruits, and the reports from the agricultural districts generally gave promise of a good harvest. A correspondent of a London paper says:—"I have just traversed the whole central and upper districts of the Peninsular. I can affirm that for the last twenty years never was the aspect of the country, or the operations of the farmer, in a state so promising."

Europe is suffering under the dire calamity of scarcity of food. The laboring classes in several of the continental cities and towns, as well as many residing in the United Kingdoms, have lately exhibited symptoms of outrage and plunder. Accounts of the 8th of May from Herrenberg, Urach, Ludwigsburgh and Goppingen, in Wirtemberg, states that great anxiety was felt at these towns for fear of outbreaks. Considerable excitement prevails in Nottingham, in England, where some contributions have been levied of several bakers and provision dealers.

In some of the English towns near the Irish coast, fever is mowing down its victims daily. The influx of Irish paupers at Liverpool since the commencement of the present year, is estimated at nearly 200,000. Measures have been adopted to prevent the landing of diseased paupers at that port, while temporary sheds have been erected in different parts of the town in addition to the accommodation afforded by the regular hospitals, for the relief of those who had already landed.

IRELAND.—The accounts from this unhappy country are awful.

The pestilence is nearly as destrucive in some parts of Ulster, as in the southern and western districts. In the northern county of Fermanagh the mortality is frightful.—The Cork Examiner contains details of the ravages of pestilence in various parts of that extensive county. In the famed district of Schull the extensive relief afforded has caused some alleviation, and the mortality is decreasing. In the Cork workhouses the deaths, last week, were 95—an increase of 12 over the preceding week.

Father Mathew is likely to be appointed Roman Catholic Bishop of Cork.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Lord Bessborough, died at his official residence on the 16th of May.

IN FRANCE, the prospects of the next harvest were extremely promising.

British intervention had been accepted by the Queen of Portugal, in consequence of which it was expected that the disturbances in that country would be brought to a speedy close.

ARMY & NAVY NEWS.

A LETTER FROM GENERAL TAYLOR.—A valued friend, and who is also a distinguished citizen of this State, has forwarded to us the following communication, which, at the present moment, will, no doubt, be perused with general interest.

The letter from General Taylor is written with the same modesty and delicacy of feeling, which have so eminently characterized every thing we have seen from his pen.

It is sufficient we hope to set at rest all the doubts as to his acceptance of the nomination for the Presidency, which have been expressed by those in whom "the wish was father to the thought."—*N. O. Bulletin, 2d.*

WEST BATON ROUGE, La., 15th May, 1847.

WM. L. HODGE, ESQ:

Dear Sir: I send you, annexed, an extract of a letter which I have recently received from General Taylor; and as it shadows forth the feelings and views of the General, on the subject of the next Presidency, in a manner which can do no violence to the feelings of any one, I have determined to have published that portion of it which relates to a subject, in which his name has been very generally associated throughout the country for some time past. I do so, with the more readiness, because it is eminently calculated to give a proper insight into the real character of this eminent man. Please let it have a place in your columns.

Yours, very sincerely and respectfully.

"In regard to the Presidency, I will not say that I would not serve, if the good people of the country were to require me to do so, however much it is opposed to my wishes, for I am free to say, that I have no aspiration for the situation. My greatest, perhaps, only wish, has been to bring or aid in bringing, this war to a speedy and honorable close. It has ever been, and still is, my anxious wish, that some one of the most experienced, talented, and virtuous statesmen of the country, should be chosen, to that high place at the next election. I am satisfied that, if our friends will do their duty, such a citizen may be elected.

"I must, however, be allowed to say, that I have not the vanity to consider myself qualified for so high and responsible a station, and whilst we have far more eminent and deserving names before the country, I should prefer to stand aside, if one of them could be raised to the first office, in the gift of a free people.

"I go for the country, the whole country—and it is my ardent and sincere wish, to see the individual placed at the head of the nation, who, by a *strict* observance of the constitution (be he whom he may) can make us most prosperous at home, as well as most respected abroad."

PROCLAMATION TO THE MEXICANS.—General Scott issued a Proclamation to the [illegible] on the 19th inst. He says in the commencement that "whatever may have been the origin of this war, which my country saw itself forced to undertake by irremediable causes, which I learn are unknown to the greater part of the Mexican nation, we regard it as a necessity; such is it always to both belligerents, and reason and justice, if not forgotten on both sides, are in dispute, each believing them its own." He exhorts the people to peace, declares that the Mexican Church property has not and will not be touched, tells them he is marching on to the capital, and it is for them to determine whether they will have friendship or war. He cautions them especially against encouraging a guerrilla war, the evils of which will fall heavily upon themselves, and informs them that he shall address them again at Puebla and Mexico.

ASSIGNMENT OF TROOPS.—The following regiments have been ordered to join Gen. Scott—the 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, and 15th regiments of infantry and the regiments of voltiguers. Several companies of the voltiguers have embarked for the Brazos. As this regiment was first ordered to join Gen. Taylor, its destination has been changed. The 10th, 13th, and 16th infantry and the 3d dragoons have been ordered to join Gen. Taylor.

Democratic Union, May 26.

A letter from Mexico, in the Journal of Commerce, says that Gen. Scott has taken the guerilla business in hand, "and by his order, every murder that the Mexicans may commit takes $300 out of the nearest alcalde's pocket. Although this may be rather hard on the alcaldes, it will induce them to exert their influence, of which they possess 'some,' as a preventive of the evil."

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS.—The U. S. steamship New Orleans, Capt. Wright, sailed last evening for Vera Cruz. She took down Capt. McIntosh, U. S. A.; Major Lee and three hundred and fifty U. S. soldiers, officers and men, of the new regiments, Col. McIntosh, Major F. G. Bosworth, Boggs and Campbell, paymasters; & Dr. Compton. She took $100,000 specie for the pay department, and 150 horses, together with quartermasters' stores, &c.—Judge Carrigan, of the house of representatives, went out on the New Orleans, taking with him the complimentary resolutions to Generals Scott, Taylor, &c. which, on the part of the state he is deputed to present. He also took in charge a charger for Col. Harney, presented to that gallant officer by our fellow citizens. Four companies of the 3d dragoons—Capts. Gaither's, Ford's, Duperu's and McReynold's—four hundred and one strong, was to have left last evening on the U. S. transports Telegraph and Massachusetts for Vera Cruz.—Their original destination was Point Isabel, but that order has been countermanded.—They now go to reinforce Gen. Scott.

N. O. Delta, 20th.

Schr. Onkahye. from Pensacola, arrived at Key West 19th ult.

EMBARKATION OF TROOPS FOR THE WAR.—Col. T. P. Andrews, of the Voltigeurs, embarked yesterday upon the steamship Massachusetts, for Vera Cruz, accompanied by J. D. Blair, with company E, *Voltiguers*, 120 men; Lieut. Charles F. Vernon, with 35 men, detachment belonging to Captain Churchill's company A, *Voltiguers*; Surgeon J. W. Tyler, Lieuts. Walker, Kiger, Tennett and Blakely. The Massachusetts has on board the rocket and howitzer batterries belonging to this regiment of voltiguers. Capt. Bethell, 16th infantry, also took passage on the Massachusetts, with 60 men to join Gen. Taylor.

The Massachusetts will touch at the Brazos to land Capt. Bethel's company, and to receive such companies of voltiguers as were despatched to the Rio Grande before the destination of that regiment was chang'd.

The U. S. steamer Telegraph, left last night for Brazos Santiago, having on board R. A. Pariih, Esq. bearer of despatches to Gen. Taylor; Gen. E. D. Hopping, U.S.A. and Lieut. Argur, his aid; A. W. Armstrong, committee for the remains of Lieut. Richey, of the 4th Infantry; Drs. Robertson and Ashe, U. S. A.; Capts. D. B. Mosby and L. A. Srodes; Lieut. Gill, 4th Artillery; Chas. Carroll, Sutler to Hay's Regiment; Charles Finley and T. A. Roberts, Quarter Master's Department; Capt. Gaither's company, 3d Dragoons, about 80 men.

The Fashion also sailed for Very Cruz last night. She took Lieut. Col. E. W. Moore, 3d Dragoons, and Capt. Dupeau's company, and about 250 men of the 3d Dragoons.—*N. O. Pic. 21st.*

NAVAL.—The sloops of war Plymouth, Com. Geisinger, and Fairfield, Com. Gedney, are ordered to the East Indies, and the St. Louis to the Brazils. All are now at Boston.

The U. S. ship-of-the-line Ohio, in Hampton Roads from Vera Cruz via Havana, was met on her approach by a steamer from Norfolk, with orders from the Secretary of the Navy to repair immediately to New York. Here she will receive on board Mr. Tod, U. S. Minister to Brazil, and Com. T. Ap. Catesby Jones, appointed to relieve Com. Shubrick in the command of our squadron in the Pacific. After landing Mr. Tod at Rio, Capt. Stringham will proceed to California. The Ohio is selected as the flag-ship of Com. Jones, Com. Shubrick is to be relieved at his own request.

THE FLYING ARTILLERY.—New testimony in its favor is officially borne by Gen. Wool, who ascribes the Buena Vista Victory to Capts. Washington, Sherman and Bragg's artillery, "under the immediate direction of the commanding general."—In his report he says—

"I desire to express my thanks and admiration and to offer my warmest thanks to Captains Washington, Sherman and Bragg, and Lieutenants O'Brien and Thomas and [illegible] this point, and on every other part of the field I think it but justice to say, we are mainly indebted for the great victory so successfully achieved by our arms over the great force opposed to us—more than 20,000 men and 17 pieces of artillery. Without our artillery we would not have maintained our position a single hour."

VERA CRUZ COMPANY.—By the last accounts from Vera Cruz, Capt. Wheat, late a Lieutenant in Capt. Sneed's company of cavalry, was raising a company of light-horse troops in that city, consisting chiefly of discharged volunteers. He had already got 45, and nearly twice that number of horses, and soon expected to be in the field with a full company. No better men could be desired.

FROM TABASCO.—U. S. revenue cutter Ewing, Capt. Gay Moore, arrived at the S. W. Pass on the 18th inst., from Vera Cruz, via Tabasco, leaving the latter port on the 12th inst. The Ewing left at anchor outside the bar at Tobasco the frigate Raritan, the sloop of war Albany and a Spanish brig of war. The U. S. revenue cutter McLane was in the river and a brig, name unknown. Com. Perry was daily expected with the steamers at Tabasco.—*N. O. Pic., May 21.*

COME HOME.—The Tennessee cavalry, the 1st and 2d Tennessee infantry, the 3d and 4th Illinois, the Georgia and Alabama regiments of infantry, and one independant company of Kentucky volunteers, arrived at New Orleans on the 20th. They belong to the twelve months service, and have seen enough of the war.

The Staunton (Va.) Democrat learns by a letter that a sad and melancholy accident has happened to Lieut. Patterson, who distinguished himself at the battle of Monterey. The lieutenant refused to surrender himself to the officer of the guard, who ordered him to be fired on, and his leg was terribly shattered. The surgeons were amputating the limb at the time the letter was written.

THE ILLINOIS VOLUNTEERS.—The correspondent of the New-Orleans Times states on the authority of Col. Baker himself, that he brings home less than one-half of the troops carried by him from the United States. The bodies of the other half enrich the soil of Mexico.

LIEUT. HUNTER, from Alvarado and Vera Cruz, arrived at New-York on Wednesday evening, having been a passenger in ship Ohio, which has arrived at Norfolk. The Herald states that the reception rooms of the hotel at which he stopped were thrown open, and that the Lieutenant was greeted by the ladies, and loudly cheered by the men.

THE BODY OF FATHER RAY, the Catholic Priest sent to the army as a Chaplain, has been found and interred. The other Catholic Chaplain, Father McElroy, is about to return home, having ascertained, he says that he can do no good by remaining with the army.

CAPTAIN BLANCHARD.—A New Orleans paper states that Capt. Albert G. Blanchard has been appointed by the President a Capt. in the new regiment of voltiguers.

THE NEW REGIMENT.—Eight companies have been accepted by the Government, two of which are Germans.

LATER FROM MEXICO.—The evening papers have some further intelligence from Mexico, received in New York in advance of the mail. We copy the despatch below:—

The advices from the city of Mexico are to the 8th ult. The Mexican papers breathe defiance towards the North Americans.

The most energetic efforts were being made to carry on the war. The government had appointed a committee to receive subscriptions to defray its expenses. The Bishop of Oajaca had contributed $20,000, and the churches were giving their plate.

The fortifications of the capital were still in progress.

Santa Anna was making great exertions to increase his army, which was augmenting in numbers rapidly.

The priests were striving to prevail on the people to take up arms in a body.—Enlistments were going on rapidly. At last accounts the Mexicans had 7000 muskets, and 50 pieces of artillery.

Letters from Orizaba report that Gen. Scott is sick at Jalapa. He would not proceed toward the capital until he had had an interview with the newly appointed Commissioner from the United States.

The Mexicans were prosecuting a guerilla warfare on a small scale. An American baggage wagon containing $60,000 in specie had been captured.

Letters from Durango report that Col. Doniphan was countermarching on Chihuahua.

It is reported that an attack had been made on one of the wagon trains of Gen. Taylor, and that General Taylor *had been wounded.*

The Mexican Generals Lemus and Iterburde had died at San Luis.

The following is from the New York papers of Wednesday:—

By telegraphic despatch from Fredericksburg, we have later intelligence from Vera Cruz. It is now known that Gen. Worth had entered the city of Puebla, on the 16th of May, without opposition from the Mexicans. Santa Anna was presumed to be in that neighborhood, with a considerable force, and prowling about. Further particulars we are prevented from receiving, because the lightning had shattered the magnet instrument in the Philadelphia office.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.—New Orleans papers of the 25th ult. bring us later intelligence from the army under Gen. Scott, brought to that city by the schooner Elenor Stevens, which left Vera Cruz on the 15th. Gen. Worth was expected to enter Puebla on the 16th. Gen. SHIELDS was slowly recovering. Gen. SCOTT was at Jalapa, where Mr. TRIST had arrived. The American STAR at Jalapa has been discontinued. Rumors were rife that the troops at Orizaba had pronounced against Santa Anna and made him prisoner; they were not however credited. Col. CHILDS is to remain with 2000 troops at Jalapa.—A Puebla paper announces that Gen. TAYLOR was about to march on either Zacatecas or San Luis, but of course this was unfounded.

A letter from Durango, dated the 26th of April, states positively that Col. Doniphan's forces had fallen back upon Chihuahua instead of advancing upon Durango. The insurrection in New Mexico is assigned as the cause of his return.

HAYTI.—The Haytien sloop-of-war, the President, was blown up on the 23d April, off Port au Prince, while preparing to fire minute guns on occasion of a funeral celebration in honor of the late President Guerrier. The catastrophe is imputed to the carelessness of the commander. No one was killed; but several were wounded—two of them severely.

FROM YUCATAN.—By the way of Havana advices from Merida have been received to the 10th of April. The provisional government had issued a decree declaring in full vigor a prior decree issued at the village of Ticul. which established the blockade of Sisal and the whole coast from Desconocida to Yalajau. The troops sent to take the capital met with a stout resistance, the pronunciados having refused to lay down their arms.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce has seen a letter dated at Campeachy 12th April, which states that Merida has seconded the declaration of neutrality during the war, and the government of the peninsula is now in Campeachy.

RIVER OF PLATE.—A private letter from a friend at Montevideo, mentions that Sir Thomas Herbert, the English Admiral commanding on that station, has expressed himself as opposed to the armed interference of France and Great-Britain in the affairs of the two nations at war in the Rio de la Plata.

Rivera has been most signally routed, and driven from his position by a small band of persons whom they had driven out of a village. After these men had gone, the soldiers proceeded to horrible atrocities with the females. They then got beastly drunk, when the men of the village returned, and killed nearly the whole of the wretches. Rivera escaped; he dared not enter Montevideo, but is now on the island of Martin Garcia. Oribe is gaining influence.

A boat's crew was sent from the United States frigate Columbia, Captain Ritchie, to the *Mount* for water; on their arrival, they found twelve human bodies, with their throats cut—a sample of the warfare that has been carried on in that beautiful country.—*U. S. Gazette.*

GREEN PEAS are selling at forty cents a half peck in Cincinnati.

THE number of immigrants who landed in New York on Saturday last was 1,900.

NEWPORT MERCUR[Y]

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, [1847]

JUNE TOWN MEETING.

The annual meeting for the choice Town Officers, and transaction of Municipal business, took place in this on Tuesday last. Henry Bull, was unanimously appointed Moderator, for the ensuing.

The report of the committee appointed by the town to consider what changes necessary in the government of the was read & received. After a long and fused discussion the report was recommitted and the Committee together with the Council were empowered to petition General Assembly for such powers granted to the Town as may be necessary to carry into effect the reform contemplated.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of officers. The election of Council and Treasurer was postponed the afternoon to give time to prepare ballots.

A vote passed to close the polls at [illegible] clock, A. M.

The following officers were then elected without opposition:—*Town Clerk*, [illegible] Howland; *Town Serjeant*, James Law; *Commissioners of School Fund*, B. Marsh, D. C. Denham, R. Sherman, 2d; *School Committee*, S. Ward, E. Clarke, J. Weaver, J. Sterne, W. Gilpin, A. Bush, T. Brooks, D. King, C. G. Perry, Jo. Smith, William. Brownell, A. H. Dumas; *Asylum Commissioners*, Wm. C. Cozzens, Felix Peckham, and William Sherman, in place of those who go out by rotation.

A vote passed referring the appointment of all the other Town officers to Council.

The appointment of Justices of the Peace was referred to the General Assembly.

The annual Asylum report was read and received,—voted not to be printed unless *done without expense to the town.*

The sum of $50 was appropriated to celebrate the approaching anniversary of American Independence.

It was *voted* and *resolved* that a tax of $[illegible] be assessed on the inhabitants of the town, on taxable property therein, as soon as may be, be collected and paid into the town treasury or before the first day of August next; and the Town Council be appointed Assessors of taxes, and that they be allowed $75 thereof.

A committee was appointed to make arrangement with some Bank in town to pay Treasury checks.

The polls were opened at 2 o'clock, P. M. and closed at 8, when the result was announced. There were two lists, for Councilmen with the names printed and numbered as follows:—

1. *Theophilas Topham,*	1. *Theophilas Topham*
2. *David M. Coggeshall,*	2. *David M. Coggeshall*
3. *Eleazer Trevett,*	3. *William Guild,*
4. *Nathan B. Hammett,*	4. *James Horswell,*
5. *George W. Taylor,*	5. *George W. Taylor*

The votes stood for Topham, 460
Coggeshall, 437
Horswell, 246
Hammett, 245
Taylor, 470
Guild, 181
Trevett, 200

The counting committee declared that the following gentlemen were elected, viz: Messrs. Topham, Coggeshall, Horswell, Hammett, and Taylor.

The Town Sergeant then took the ballots and, as usual, destroyed them.

Mr. Trevett considers himself elected, as councilman, under the following section of State Law in relation to election of Town Officers.

"Sec. 4. In case of a ballot for members of Council, or Justices of the Peace, the *names* to be *numbered* upon the ballots, and in *counting* the votes the places *numbered* shall be considered as *separate* places."

The whole number of votes for Town Treasurer was 482, of which Geo. Freeborn received [illegible] and A. Bush 51—majority for F. 431.

The whole number of votes cast on the Licenses question was 399, of which 236 were for granting and 163 against—majority in favor of granting Licenses 73.

The School Committee made their annual report to the town, in which they state that there are thirteen Public Schools in the town, viz:—Four Grammer Schools and intermediate School, seven Primary Schools and one of mixed character for colored children.

In these schools are taught spelling, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammer, the elements of natural philosophy, and Algebra. There are fourteen teachers for these schools, and the school rooms are fitted to accommodate eight hundred and twenty scholars.

The committee after giving an account of the different alterations they have made in School Houses during the last year, say:

Your Committee are satisfied that the public schools are the best schools in the town; that scholars can be better educated in them, than in any others, and as far as our means and the grades of the schools allow, no better can be had anywhere.

But still much more can be done. The town wants a High School; a school to teach the highest branches of English study the languages; ancient and modern. A school, to complete what is but commenced in our schools of the highest grade; such a school would complete our present system. Its benefit would be felt by the youngest child, as soon as he enters the primary school; it will continue during the period of his education, and remain with him during his life.

The Committee do not ask at this time an appropriation for a High School, but state that they have been obliged to increase their expenditures by giving an increased compensation to more competent teachers, and by expences incurred in fitting the primary schools;—they therefore ask an increase of appropriation of the sum of five hundred dollars to meet that increase of expenditure.

The Committee state that the expenses of the Schools for the last year were $4582,52.

THE TOWN COUNCIL.

At a meeting of the Town Council on Thursday last, the appointment of the officers referred to them by the Town Meeting was made; the following are the principal appointments:—

COLLECTOR OF TAXES.—Jeremiah Goodspeed. Salary to be $300,—to make no extra charge for stationary or printing.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.—Peter P. Remington.

CONSTABLES.—Jesse Dunham, Henry Taggart, Jas. Westgate, Robert Seatle, Jas. Smith, Isaiah Burdick.

FIRE WARDENS.—Isaac Spooner, S. M. Steadman, Wm. Brownell, E. F. Allen, Joshua Tripp, John Eldred, Henry Bull, Samuel Brown, G. B. Knowles, Wm. C. Cozzens.

SURVEYORS OF LAND.—Charles E. Hammett, Jr., Samuel Brown.

KEEPER OF POWDER HOUSE.—Jas. Shaw.

AUCTIONEERS.—Jeremiah Goodspeed, Chas. N. Tilley, Milton Hall.

INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES.—Street Commissioner.

SURVEYOR OF HIGH WAYS.—John Stevens.

Robert Seatle was appointed a committee to inform those who sell liquor to apply for a license on or before the 14th of June, and also to complain of those who sell without a license.

It was voted to charge for general license, that is, to sell small quantities, to be drank on the premises, $24; and for quantities not less than one quart, $12.

THE PERRY.—By advertisement it will be seen that this steamboat now runs *daily* between this place and Providence. The P. is in every respect a first rate boat,—roomy, safe and speedy. She is commanded by Capt. Gilbert Woolsey, who is in every way worthy of his predecessor as a captain. The clerk, Mr. C. L. Stanhope, is exceeded by none, in politeness and attention. Those who like the water but cannot spare time for a long trip, will find the means of gratifying their taste by going up in the Perry.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The Legislature of this State met at Concord on Wednesday last. In the Senate, Hon. Harry Hibbard was chosen President, having seven votes, to one against him.—John H. George was elected Clerk, and F. R. Chase assistant Clerk by the same vote.

In the House, Hon. Moses Norris, was chosen Speaker by a majority of 13 over all, Lewis Smith, Clerk, and C. B. Fletcher, assistant Clerk by about the same majority, all Democrats.

RHODE ISLAND CELEBRATION.—The flags were displayed at the armories and by a part of the shipping in the harbor, and bells were rung on Saturday, in Providence, in honor of the day, the two hundredth anniversary of the meeting of the first General Assembly in the Colony.

MARRYING A WIFE'S SISTER.—The Rev. Mr. McQueen has been restored to his position in the Presbyterian Church, by the action of the General Assembly. He had been suspended from the ministry for marrying the sister of his deceased wife. The Assembly, however on restoring him, did not sanction the act for which he had been suspended.

THE WHALE FISHERY.—During the last ten days the arrival of whalers at the several ports in the United States, includes 49 ships and barks, and 1 brig—bringing 18,250 bbls. Sperm Oil, and 86,210 bbls. of Whale Oil; together with about 765,000 lbs. whalebone. At present prices the value of these importations amount to the following handsome items, viz: Sperm Oil, $546,131; Whale Oil, $912,429; Whalebone, $214,200;—making a total of $1,671,760. We understand that extensive orders have already been received for shipments to foreign markets.

New Bedford Mercury.

NEW USE OF ETHER.—According to the Lowell Courier, Ether has been administered with excellent success in the shoeing of refractory horses.—In two minutes after the application of the ether to the nostrils of a vicious horse, it became quiet and harmless as a sheep, and was shod with perfect ease and safety. The horse was as bright as ever afterwards.

HOAX.—Our neighbor published a "wondrous tale" of the death of Thunderbolt the famous English highwayman in Brattleboro' lately. The Phœnix published in that place says it is a "delightful cock and bull story," and thinks that the Patriot's "informant must have been a runaway patient of the Insane Asylum, which would account, in part, for the wildness apparent in almost every line of this interesting bit of romance."—*Barre Gazette.*

PRISON CORK SCREW.—The Pennsylvanian speaks of a droll invention at the Western Penitentiary in Pittsburgh for subduing refractory convicts. It is a machine made something like a cork-screw, but so fashioned as to be harmless. If a prisoner becomes fractious, and it is dangerous to enter his cell, the screw, fixed on the end of a pole is pushed at him, until it catches his clothes, when he can be drawn out and disarmed without danger to himself or others.

GOOD NEIGHBORHOOD.—A farm was lately advertised in a Western newspaper, in which all the beauty of the situation, fertility of the soil, and salubrity of the air, were detailed in the richest glow of rural description, which was farther enhanced with this: N. B. There is not *an Attorney* within fifteen miles of the neighborhood.

ENOUGH TO MAKE THE MOUTH WATER. At the first monthly Horticultural Exhibition of the American Agricultural Association, held in New York on Wednesday last, there were exhibited a basket of very large white strawberries, a basket of uncommonly fine lemons, mammoth leaf stalks of the fine rhubarb, new potatoes of a very respectable size, stems of the sea kale of snowy whiteness, large heads of asparagus, and enormous cauliflowers; cucumbers and green peas, and mushrooms and lettuce, and various other garden vegetables, all of them very fine.

BY THE MAILS.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—On the 13th instant Mr. Charles Gackenback, a very respectable citizen of Upper Macungy township, Lehigh co., came to his death in a most shocking manner. He left home in the morning, with a four horse team, and came to Allentown, for the purpose of procuring some building timber. Having loaded his wagon he started for home.—When about half a mile from town, while descending Griesemer's Hill, the gearing of his long-coupled wagon caused the lock to fly out of the notches. He immediately ran back, and a second time drew up the lock, with all his strength; by this time the heavy load of the wagon had pressed so hard against the horses, that they took fright, the bar block flew out, and off they ran at full speed. Before the horses broke into a full run, however, he succeeded in seizing the saddle horse by the bridle, in which act he is supposed to have become entangled in the check-line, thrown upon the ground, and after being dragged more than a perch, finally run over by the two wheels of the wagon. The wheels passed from behind his ears to his forehead, completely severing his skull from his head, and causing instant death. He was a sober and industrious citizen; respected by all who knew him. He leaves a family of four small children, and a bereaved widow, to mourn an irreparable loss. His age is said to be about thirty-six years.

SINGULAR AND DISTRESSING AFFAIR.—A highly respectable gentleman of this city, who transacted a mercantile business on the wharf, was taken sick, and died, as was supposed, a short time since. Being a native of an adjoining city, his wife and friends desired to inter his remains there, and his body was accordingly placed in a coffin and conveyed to that city. When the coffin arrived, it was opened in order to transfer the remains to a more suitable one, which had been prepared for final interment. When the lid was removed, the body was found lying upon the face, which upon examination was bruised. A moisture was observed upon the skin, and on a close examination it was found that the vital spark had not as yet fled. All the restoratives that the best medical skill could devise were used, and the man was actually revived, and lived for two days afterward, before the "spirit departed unto Him who gave it." No doubt was entertained here of the decease, and the feelings of the relatives and friends at such a discovery cannot be for one moment imagined. We were at first disposed to doubt the truth of the affair, but we have been assured, on the most indubitable authority, that the melancholy facts are correct.

Baltimore Clipper.

SUICIDE.—Thomas Duff, who had been sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for three months, and who had been imprisoned there but one day, committed suicide on Thursday morning by cutting his throat with a jack knife.

DEATH BY LOCKJAW.—George W. Benedict, of New Haven, died on Wednesdy of lockjaw, caused by a wound inflicted with a nail on his foot the day before. He was a painter by trade, a worthy and industrious citizen, and leaves a family to mourn his loss.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—A sudden gloom was cast upon the operatives and managers of the rollingmill, on Monday morning, by the untimely and horrid death of Laban Hammell, one of the men employed in the mill. His business was to oil the machinery, and while engaged at his business, by a misstep, he was caught in the gearing and was crushed to death almost instantaneously.—*Trenton Gazette.*

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—A little boy, a son of Mr. Mansfield, of Lynn, was killed on Monday afternoon, at Dorchester Upper Mills, where with his mother he was on a visit. He was playing with another boy near the house, and went behind a yoke of oxen which were attached to a cart, at the same time putting his hand on the leg of one of the animals. The ox immediately kicked him, knocking him down, and at thy same time both of them started, one of the wheels of the cart passing directly over the head of the boy, crushing it so dreadfully that he lived but about ten minutes.

Boston Journal.

HANGING SCENE.—A most disgraceful scene was enacted in Goochland county, Va., on Friday week, on the occasion of the execution there of two colored men.—Under instructions from the court in which the culprits were convicted, the sheriff was about to perform his duties within the jail enclosure; but the crowd that had assembled without to witness the execution were determined not to be disappointed, and, by violent threats, compelled the sheriff to comply with their wishes. The doomed men were accordingly executed on the jail wall, in the presence of the multitude.

CHARGE OF RAPE.—A man named Lindsey A. Ingalls, and a woman named Elizabeth Farmer, have been arrested at Lowell, as principal and accessory in a rape committed upon a young girl named Mitchell. The victim was from Vermont, was only sixteen years of age, and was of feeble frame and intellect. Both of the accused were committed to jail to answer to the charge.

The Bermuda Royal Gazette of the 4th says of the potato crop that—

"It is a most gratifying circumstance to be able now to observe, that we have not up to the present period, heard of one instance, where the rot has attacked the potatoes in these Islands this year. The potatoes now gathering, though excellent, are not so numerous or as large as usual—this may be attributed to the want of seasonable weather soon after planting."

SHIP FEVER.—There are many rumors respecting the spread of this disorder in this city, some of which are very highly colored. So far the present week, the deaths by this disease have been *twenty one*, almost all of whom were foreigners. The disease has shown itself in several parts of the city. A teamster, named George Reed, son of the late Constable Reed, who is dangerously sick with this disorder, is supposed to have taken it from the affects of some of the immigrants, which he removed from the ship. There are said to be a few more cases at the north end. In a house at the south end, five out of a family of six—all foreigners—are down with this fever, which they are supposed to have taken from an immigrant who lodged there. At the Alms-house although the number attacked is larger, it does not seem to be so fatal as heretofore. The Directors are doing all in their power to stay its progress, and hope to remove the bulk of the patients to a more healthy location on Deer Island the first of next week.

Measures should be immediately taken to cleanse the city, especially some of the narrow streets, which are crowded with foreigners, before hot weather sets in.

Boston Traveller, Saturday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The annual meeting of the Evangelical Consociation of R. I. will be held at Newport on the second Tuesday (8th) of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Members are requested to call, on their arrival, at the house of Mr. WM. GUILD, in Mill-street.

CHARLES P. GROSVENOR,
June 5. *Stated Secretary.*

BRIGHTON MARKET, MONDAY, May 31, 1847.
(Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.)

At market 580 Beef Cattle, 50 yoke of Working Oxen, 30 Cows and Calves, 800 Sheep, and about 1700 Swine.

PRICES.

Beef Cattle.—The prices of last week were not sustained, and we reduce our quotations. A small number Extra $7 50; first quality $7 a $7 25; second $6 25 a 6 75 third 5 50 a $6.

Working Oxen.—Sales at $65, $72, $80, $90, $130, $140 and $145.

Cows and Calves.—Sales at $24, $32, $35, $40, $46, and $50.

Sheep.—Sales not public.

Swine.—Lots to peddle at 5¼ and 6¼c; Old hogs 5½c. At retail from 5½ to 7c.

DEATHS.

On Sunday last, Mr. WILLIAM FREEBODY, aged 87 years.

In this town, on the 31st ult., Miss LYDIA COGGESHALL, aged 74 years.

In this town, on Tuesday last, MRS. PATIENCE HUDSON, wife of Capt. Henry Hudson, and daughter of the late Deacon William Tilley, aged 70.

At Jamestown, May 26, MRS. BETSY POTTER, wife of Mr. Peleg Potter, and daughter of the late Thomas R. Congdon, in the 56th year of her age, a very worthy and estimable woman.

In Foster, May 25th, MRS. ASA AYLSWORTH, widow of the late John Aylsworth, and daughter of the late Benjamin Vaughn, of East Greenwich, in the 89th year of her age. She was a member of the society of Friends.

In Providence on the 31st ult, MRS. LYDIA PEARCE, in the 90th year of her age.

In Providence, on Sunday morning last, MRS. SARAH LARNED, in the 81st year of her age.

In New Bedford, on Tuesday afternoon, *drowned*, Mr. WILLIAM CRANSTON, aged 41 years. The deceased was a boat-builder, and was crossing the river from the Fairhaven side, in a sail-boat, which is supposed to have capsized in a flaw of wind.

MERCURY MARINE LIST.
PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, May 29.

Sloop Motto, Applebe, fm New York for Providence.

Sloop Ann B. Holmes, Brown, fm Albany for Fall River.

SUNDAY, May 30.

Sch'r President, Andrews, fm Philadelphia for Dighton; Zenobia, Baker, fm Yarmouth for Providence; Rambler, Hopkins, fm Camden for do; Friendship, Babson, fm Machias for do; Dispatch, Orsbon, fm Camden, for a market.

TUESDAY, June 1.

Sch'rs Albatross, Harding, fm Tillsbury for Providence; Stephen C. Phillips, Low, fm Philadelphia for New York; Maria, Burt, fm Providence for do; Tam O'Shanta, Pool, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Hampton, Long, fm do for do; Mary Reed, Cothrell, fm Bangor for New London; Eliza & Helen, Cooper, fm Providence for Calais.

FRIDAY, June 4.

Sch'r Caroline E. Hoppin, Boardman, fm Baltimore for Fall River; New Delight, Demerick, fm Chatham for Philadelphia.

Sloops Ann B. Holmes, fm Fall River for New York; Monitor, Brown, fm Fall River for do.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Ship Louis Philippe, Castoff, cl'd at New York the 28th for Havre.

Spoken May 21st, brig Hyder Ali, Swasey, 60 days fm Rio Janeiro for Havana.

Brig Gen. Cobb, Taylor, sailed from Havana 17th inst. for Honduras.

Sloop Com. Hull, Dennis, cl'd at Mobile 22d, for Brazos.

Brig Callender, Wylie, was in port at Tallahassee the 22d, for Charleston.

Brig Algonquin, Mayberry, arr at Philadelphia the 27th, fm New Orleans, and cl'd 31st for Boston.

Sch'r Frances, Gardner, fm Bay River, N.C. for this port, was at New York the 31st.

Sch'r Medium, Swasey, fm Darien, arr at Charleston the 27th.

Brig Perfect, Gardner, was towed to sea from New Orleans the 20th.

Sch'r Cabot, Phillips, fm Vera Cruz, arr at New Orleans the 23d.

Arr at New Bedford, 29th, ship Washington, Whelden, N. W. Coast, 2100 bbls wh 100 do sp oil, 500 lbs bone: sent home 15,000 lbs.

Arr at New London the 29th, ship Merrimack, Destin, Pacific Ocean, 3000 bbls oil (25 sp) 5000 lbs. of bone.

☞ *NEW SUMMER GOODS,* ☜
AT
LONG ROOM.

CONSISTING of Tweeds, French *CASSIMERES*, Alpaca, Italian *CLOTHS*, Drab de Eta, and Sack Coat Cloths. *VESTINGS*, some rich and rare,—such as Black, striped, and Fancy Sattin, Light col'd Vestings, new style, with all kinds of Worsted and Common do. With a large assortment of Fancy Cassimeres and Broadcloths, for almost nothing.

TAILORING, *in all its various branches*, carried on as usual.

June 5.] JOSEPH M. HAMMETT.

JUNE 5th.
New Bonnets,
BONNET RIBBONS,
DRESS GOODS,
—AND—
DRY GOODS

Generally, are being opened at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.

NOTICE—REGISTRY OF VOTERS OF NEWPORT.

THE Town Council of the town of Newport will meet at the Town Clerk's Office, Monday the 14th day of June inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to examine the Registry of Voters for the town of Newport, in open meeting, and to purge the same as the law directs, by placing against the names of all persons thereon, who are dead, or who for the space of one year have ceased to reside in this town, the word "dead," or "non-resident," as the case may be, and to correct the Registry whether the same person is registered more than once thereon. By order,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Council Clerk.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

PACIFIC HOUSE.



THE Subscriber has taken the pleasant and commodious House in High street, on the *Hill*, formerly occupied by Anthony V. Taylor. It is one of the best situations in town for Summer Visitors,—being airy, and surrounded with spacious grounds. The house contains 50 rooms, with a public parlor 33 feet long, and dining room large enough to accommodate 100 people. It is now open for the reception of FRIENDS. The best attention paid to all, and charges not *unreasonable*. EDWARD T. WILLIAMS.
Newport, June 5, 1847.—tf.

Newport, June 5, 1847.
New GOODS! New GOODS!
AT NO. 99 1-2 THAMES ST.
JAMES MUMFORD & SON

HAVE received *this day*, a large addition of NEW GOODS, which added to their former stock, makes one of the most desirable ever offered by them, and among which may be found—

HOME, English and Scotch Ginghams: Lawns, from 12½ to 25 cents; Bereges, from 12½ to 50 cents; Balzareens and Mous de Laines, of all kinds; Mourning Ginghams and Calicoes; do. Lawns, *some very cheap*; Swiss, Mull, Nainsook & Shear Muslins; Plain Alpacas, light cols.; Plaid do; Berege Shawls, plain and figured; Mourning do. do. do.; Berege Scarfs & Hand'fs; Hosiery and Gloves of all kinds; Combs, Pins, Needles, Tapes, &c.; Linen Damasks, and Linen Sheetings; Damask Napkins; Scotch and French do.,

With a general assortment of goods, usually found in a dry good Store,—all of which are offered as cheap as can be bought in town. A share of public patronage is most respectfully solicited.

N. B.—JAMES MUMFORD requests those indebted to him prior to January 1st, 1845, to call *and settle* the same, as it very desirable that all those accounts should be settled on or before the 1st day of September next.

SPANISH SEGARS.

25,000 Choice Havana Segars of various kinds and qualities, for sale by
June 5. WM. NEWTON,
150 Thames-street.



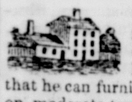
AUCTION Notice

THE Subscriber having been re-appointed by the Hon. Town Council of the town of Newport, *AUCTIONEER* for the year ensuing, respectfully offers his services to his friends and the public generally, and will be ready at short notice to attend to the sale of Goods, Wares or Merchandize, Household Furniture, Real Estate, Stocks of all kinds &c. &c., on reasonable terms.

Writing, Making out Accounts, and collecting Bills.—Being desirous of earning a respectable living for myself and family in my native town, I offer my services to my friends and the public generally, in Writing, making out Accounts, posting Books, drawing Bills of Sale, Deeds, Bonds, &c. and in collecting and settling Bills,—all of which shall be done with neatness and despatch. If more convenient for those who wish it, Writing will be done at their Office, Store or House. CHARLES N. TILLEY,
Office 128 Thames street, *up stairs.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

REFERENCE.—Stephen T. Northam, Esq.; Samuel B. Vernon, Esq.; Michael Freeborn, Esq.

Summer Resort.



THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully announce to those desirous of enjoying a most delightful prospect of the Ocean, that he can furnish them with pleasant airy rooms on moderate terms, either furnished or not, at his new cottage situated directly opposite Lady General Harpers, in Bellevue street, at the junction of Narragansett Avenue, a short distance south of the Ocean House. The Cottage will be let in whole or in part as may be required. For particulars enquire on the premises, of

WILLIAM A. SWEET.
Newport, June 5, 1847.

☞ Assessors of Taxes Notice. ☜

THE undersigned having been appointed Assessors of Taxes, for the town of Newport, at the annual Town meeting holden on the first Tuesday in June instant, for the election of town Officers for said town, and at said town meeting, the qualified Voters ordered a Town Tax of fourteen thousand dollars, to be assessed on the inhabitants of said town, and on the taxable property therein, as soon as may be, to be collected and paid into the town treasury, on or before the first day of August next. and appointed the Town Council of said town to assess said tax; this therefore is to require each of the inhabitants of the town of Newport, to bring in unto us in writing, and under his hand, an exact list of the rateable estate, with a particular description of each parcel thereof, and the value of each parcel, by the first day of July next, and to make oath to the same, before any one of us. And this notice to be published in the *Newport Mercury* for three successive weeks.

THEOPHILUS TOPHAM,
DAVID M. COGGESHALL,
NATHAN B. HAMMETT,
JAMES HORSWELL,
GEORGE W. TAYLOR,
} *The Town Council of Newport, & Assessors of Taxes.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

TEN BAGS St. Domingo, 15 bags Cuba, 20 bags Rio, 10 bags Sumatra, and 5 bags Java Coffee, just landed from sloop Rienzi, and for sale at low prices by WM. NEWTON.
May 29.] 150 Thames street.

New Arrangement.
☞ *FOR PROVIDENCE.* ☜

THE new and elegant steamer *PERRY*, Capt. G. Woolsey, will leave Sayer's Wharf, Newport, for Providence *daily*, (Sunday's excepted,) at 7½ o'clock, A. M.

RETURNING—Will leave Brastow's wharf, Providence, for Newport at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

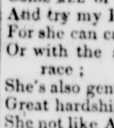
For freight or passage apply on board. Freight taken at reduced rates.

Passengers for Boston, by taking this boat, will arrive at Providence in season to meet the 10½ o'clock Train for Boston, and can leave Boston at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Providence in season to take the Perry for Newport.

☞ All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of this boat or owners, without an order from the Captain. [June 5.

RAISINS, selling cheap, by
June 5. WM. NEWTON,
150 Thames-street.

TO LET,
And immediate possession given.

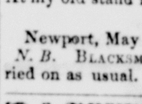


A new dwelling House on the Hill, pleasantly situated in Leven street, with an entrance from William street, being the third house from Bellevue street. It contains 13 rooms with a basement story, has a good well of water, &c. It would be an eligable situation for a summer residence.

—ALSO—

THE House on Banister's Wharf, now occupied by the subscriber,—an excellent stand for a boarding House. For terms apply to

THOMAS ROACH.
Newport, June 5, 1847.



25 CHESTS Souchong, 15 half chests Powchong, 35 half chests Young Hyson, and 5 chests Hyson Tea, *of fresh importations*, comprising extra and fine qualities, just landed from sloop Rienzi, and for sale at very low prices, by

WILLIAM NEWTON,
June 5.] 150 Thames street.

Rhode Island Bridge Co.

THE annual dividend of the *Rhode Island Bridge Company*, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 7th inst., at the Bank of Rhode Island, during Bank hours.

W. A. CLARKE, *Treasurer.*
Newport, June 5, 1847.

FLOUR, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by WM. NEWTON,
June 5. 150 Thames-street.



Notice
To Equestrians.

Come ALL of the above named class,
And try my HORSE,—*she either slow or fast,*
For she can carry you a tardy Ajax's pace,
Or with the swiftness of *Camilla* triumph in the race;
She's also gentle, kind and sure,
Great hardships and fatigues she can endure.
She not like Alexander's *Bucephalus* in the least,
But the exact image of that noble beast—
Upon which the beautiful CLELIA fled—
From Etruvian bondage into which she had been led.
The same I'll let you cheap for Cash,
Call when you will,—she's ready quick as flash,
(For ease and beauty can't be beat,)
At my old stand in ELM STREET.

GEORGE G. HULL.
Newport, May 22, 1847.—6w.

N. B. BLACKSMITHING, in all its branches, carried on as usual.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

HAVING again returned to Newport, and neatly fitted up rooms in Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, we would inform our friends and the public generally, that we are now fully prepared to execute Daguerreotype Miniatures, in the neatest and most improved styles—

"In language warm as could be breathed or pen'd,
Daguerreotypes speak the original of friend:"
Then, who have friends do not delay,
But obtain a likeness while yet you may.

All kinds of Daguerrean materials on hand and instruction given in the art.

ROOMS—In Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, Newport, and No. 33 Westminister street, Providence, R. I.

May 29.] MANCHESTER & BROTHER.

Black Silk Shawls,

OPENED YESTERDAY, a very rich article, 2 yards square, such as sell for 9 dollars, and for sale at $7,50, the original cost of them by the carton, by P. MOREY,
May 22.] 154 Thames street.

May 29th.
SUMMER GOODS.
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to a free and full examination of their *large* and *beautiful* assortment of seasonable and fashionable

SUMMER GOODS,

embracing a very carefully selected Stock of such articles as are freely selling at the most fashionable and popular stores in Broadway,—consisting in part of—

RICH FOULARD SILKS, warrented to wash,
RICH STRIPED AND PLAID SILKS,
PARIS PRINTED BAREGES,
EMBROIDERED DO.,
SATIN PLAID GRENADINE,—Beautiful,
SILK TISSUE,
EMBROIDERED MUSLIN DRESSES,
FRENCH LAWNS & GINGHAMS,
SUMMER SHAWLS AND SCARFS,
WROUGHT COLLARS & CAPES,
ELEGANT WHITE FIG. HAT RIBBONS,
COLORED DO.,
BLACK LACE VEILS,

Together with very many nice and desirable articles, which shall be sold at the very lowest prices.

15 Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS the District School House No. 5, in Middletown, was on the night of the 11th inst., wantonly injured and defaced, by some evil minded person or persons having covered over the door and lock with a coat of tar and feathers;—At a meeting of the School District on Tuesday last, it was resolved that a reward of *Fifteen Dollars* be offered and paid for the detection of the perpetrator or perpetrators of said outrage.

Middletown, May 29, 1847.

DOCT. CRAINS, Spino Abdominal Supporter, highly recommended by Physicians, at
May 29.] R. J. TAYLORS'

THE SUBSCRIBER hereby notifies the public, that he has authorized and appointed his brother, GEORGE HAMMOND, of Wickford, as his agent, to purchase and sell merchandise in his name, and on his account.

WM. G. HAMMOND.
Newport, May 22, 1847.



From the Boston Times of Last Evening.

Latest From Mexico.

NEW YORK SUN OFFICE,
Thursday, June 3, 6, P. M.

General Worth, according to the latest advices from Mexico, entered Puebla on the 15th of May, after something of a skirmish with a body of Mexican Lancers, in which the latter had four killed, without any loss on the part of the Americans.

Santa Anna has undoubtedly gone in the direction of the Capital, with a force variously estimated at from 1,500 to 10,000 men.

Capt. Mayo, Governor of Alvardo, has taken Caliscoya, without resitance.

A Mexican guerilla party has been captured near Vera Cruz.

It is rumored that the Mexicans had captured another wagon train.

STILL LATER AND IMPORTANT.

JUNE 3d, 11 o'clock, P. M.

We have an Extra Picayune of the 27th ult. Santa Anna has halted at Samartin, near Puebla, with 15 battalions of National Guards, well organized. There is a prospect of another hard fight, which is considered certain.

It is rumored that Gen. Worth has gone in pursuit of Santa Anna beyond Puebla.

In the guerilla affair mentioned in our first despatch, three of the enemy were killed, one wounded, and nine taken prisoners. A large number of horses, arms, and ammunition were taken.

The prisoners were taken to Vera Cruz for trial, and were severely dealt with.

The town of Mantala had surrendered to sloop-of-war Germantown, but was retaken by 300 Mexicans.

Despatches from Gen. Scott had been received at Vera Cruz.

It is supposed that Gen. Worth's despatches had been intercepted, as none had been received at Jalapa or Vera Cruz.

It is stated that Herrera was elected President, on the 15th of May.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Will be sold at Public Auction on THURSDAY the 10th of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on the premises,—for the payment of legacies:—

ALL the right, title and interest which *Caleb F. Weaver*, late of Jamestown, had at the time of his decease, in and to a certain tract of land, known as the Dockray Farm, containing about 80 Acres of good land, with a dwelling House, Barn, and other buildings thereon, all in good order, bounded Easterly and Westerly on the Sea, Northerly on land of John Howland and Southerly on land of John S. Cottrell. The farm is well walled and watered and has two Seewood privileges. Conditions at the time and place of sale. ANDREW F. POTTER, *Executor.*
Jamestown, May 7, 1847.

☞ The sale of the above estate is necessarily postponed to some future period, of which due notice will be given.
June 5.

TO LET,
With or Without Furnitnre.



THE COTTAGE in *Kay street*, now occupied by Miss MEIN.
Apply to S. ENGS.
Newport, April 17.

This Day,
SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1847.

Will be opened and for sale, a large assortment of

NEW GOODS,
AT NO. 154 THAMES STREET.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, comprising all the most desirable Styles and colours of French Lawns and Muslins, Plain White Book, Swiss & Sacarrilla do., Oregon and French Ginghams, Oregon Plaids, *the best quality for 25 cents per yd.*, White Jaconet Cambries, M. de Laines from 12½ to 25 cents per yard.

NEW STYLES OF SUMMER PRINTS.—Pinks, Blues, Chocolate, Fawn and Brown Merrimack do, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Victoria Robes, Embossed Wool Table Covers, Brown Linen do., White do. do.

SHAWLS, in great varieties, and *low prices.* Curtain Muslins at 12½ cents per yard,

Together with a large assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, Embroideries, &c., &c. &c.

The above named Goods will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and give them an examination.

P. MOREY, 154 *Thames street.*

Court of Probate, Newport, May 3, 1847.

PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator on the estate of

WALTER W. SIMMONS,

late of Newport, dec, presents his second account on said estate for allowance, and for an order of distribution of the balance of said account, to and among the creditors of said estate, whose claims have been allowed by the Commissioners on said estate; and said account contains a credit for proceeds of the sale of the Real Estate of said Walter W. Simmons, made by said Administrator.

The same is read, received, and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in June next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered to be given thereof, by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, May 3d, 1847.

CHARLES GYLES, Administrator on the estate of MARY SMITH,

Formerly wife of Jacob Smith, deceased, presents his administration account on said estate for allowance and for an order of distribution of the balance of said account among the heirs at law of said Mary Smith,

The same is read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall, in Newport, on the first Monday in June next, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice is ordered to be given by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard. Attest,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

[BY AUTHORITY.]

Proclamations.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas by an act of the Congress of the United States of the 3d of March 1845, entitled, "An act allowing drawback upon foreign merchandize exported in the original packages to Chihuahua and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American Provinces adjoining the United States," certain privileges are extended in reference to drawback to ports therein specially enumerated in the 7th section of said act, which also provides "That such other ports situated on the frontiers of the United States, adjoining the British North American Provinces as may hereafter be found expedient, may have extended to them the like privileges on the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and proclamation duly made by the President of the United States, specially designating the ports to which the aforesaid privileges are to be extended;"

And whereas the Secretary of the Treasury has duly recommended to me the extension of the privileges of the law aforesaid to the port of Lewiston, in the collection district of Niagara, in the State of New York:

Now, therefore, I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim that the port of Lewiston, in collection district of Niagara, in the State of New York, is and shall be entitled to all the privileges extended to the other ports enumerated in the seventh section of the act aforesaid, from and after the date of this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this seventeenth day of January, in the year of our Lord [SEAL] one thousand eight hundred and forty-six and of the Independence of the United States of America the seventieth.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President:
JAMES BUCHANAN, *Secretary of State.*

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Congress of the United States, by virtue of the constitutional authority vested in them, have declared by their act, bearing date this day, that, "by the act of the Republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that Government and the United States;"

Now, therefore, I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the same to all whom it may concern; and I do specially enjoin on all persons holding offices, civil or military, under the authority of the United States, that they be vigilant and zealous in discharging the duties respectively incident thereto: and I do moreover exhort all the good people of the United States, as they love their country, as they feel the wrongs which have forced on them the last resort of injured nations, and as they consult the best means, under the blessing of Divine Providence, of abridging its calamities, that they exert themselves in preserving order, in promoting concord, in maintaining the authority and the efficacy of the laws, and in supporting and invigorating all the measures which may be adopted by the constituted authorities for obtaining a speedy, a just, and an honorable peace.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents.

Done at the city of Washington, the thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one [SEAL] thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States, the seventieth.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President:
JAMES BUCHANNAN, *Secretary of State.*

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by the act of Congress, approved July 9, 1845, entitled "An act to retrocede the county of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia," it is enacted, That, with the assent of the people of the county and town of Alexandria, to be ascertained in the manner therein prescribed, all that portion of the District of Columbia ceded to the United States by the State of Virginia, and all the rights and jurisdiction therewith ceded over the same, shall be ceded and forever relinquished to the State of Virginia in full and absolute right and jurisdiction, as well of soil as of persons residing or to reside thereon: And whereas, it is further provided, that the said act "shall not be in force until after the assent of the people of the county and town or Alexandria shall be given to it, in the mode therein provided;" and if a majority of the votes should be in favor of accepting the provisions of the said act, it shall be the duty of the President to make proclamation of the fact:

And whereas, on the 17th day of August, 1846, after the close of the late session of the Congress of the United States, I duly appointed five citizens of the county or town of Alexandria, being freeholders within the same, as commissioners, who being duly sworn to perform the duties impos'd on them, as prescribed in the said act, did proceed within ten days after they were notified, to fix upon the first and second days of September, 1846, as the time; the Court-house of the county of Alexandria, as the place, and viva voce as the manner of voting; and gave due notice of the same; and at the time, and at the place, in conformity with the said notice, the said commissioners presiding, and deciding all questions arising in relation to the right of voting under the said act, the votes of the citizens qualified to vote were taken viva voce, and recorded in poll-books, duly kept, and on the third day of September instant, after the polls were closed, the said Commissioners did make out, and on the next day did transmit to me, a statement of the polls so held, upon oath, and under their seals; and of the votes so cast and polled, there were, in favor of accepting the provisions of the said act, seven hundred and sixty-three votes, and against accepting the same two hundred and twenty-two—showing a majority of five hundred and forty-one votes for the acceptance of the same.

Now, therefore be it known, that I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, in fulfilment of the duty imposed upon me by the said act of Congress, do hereby make proclamation of the "result" of said "poll," as above stated, and do call upon all and singular the persons whom it doth or may concern, to take notice, that the act aforesaid, "is in full force and effect."

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this seventh day of September in the year of our Lord, one [SEAL] thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States, the seventy-first.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President:
N. P. TRIST, *Acting Secretary of State.*

Laws of Rhode Island.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

At a General Assembly, May Session, A. D. 1847.

Whereas, it appears, by the report of the Committee appointed to count the votes given for Representative in Congress from the Western District of this State, that there has been no election, and therefore a new election is necessary to be ordered, therefore,

Resolved, That town meetings be holden in all the towns composing said District on the last Tuesday of August, A. D. 1847, for the purpose of electing a Representative in Congress; and that the boards of canvassers, in the several towns, shall within the two days next previous to said election, hold a session for the purpose of preparing the list of voters. The votes given in at such election, shall be sealed up in open town meeting by the moderator and town clerk, and with a certified copy of the list of voters, transmitted within seven days from and after said last Tuesday of August, to the office of the Secretary of State;—and said votes may be counted by the Governor, who may declare the election and furnish a copy thereof to the person who shall be elected, according to the provisions of the sixth section of "an act relative to Senators and Representatives to represent this State in Congress, and of Electors for the election of President and Vice President of the United States." If not counted by the Governor, the votes shall be counted at the next session of the General Assembly.

Resolved further, That the Secretary transmit a copy of these resolutions, with all necessary form and directions, to the several town clerks, who shall issue their warrent for the holding of said meeting in the manner required by law.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, *Sec'ry.*

AN ACT to repeal an act entitled "an act to regulate the Fishery in the Salt Pond, in the towns of Westerly and Charlestown, and in the Quanacontaug Pond in Charlestown and Westerly."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

Section 1. The act passed at the January Session of the General Assembly, 1846, entitled "An act to regulate the Fishery in the Salt Ponds in the towns of Westerly and Charlestown, and in the Quanacontaug Pond in Charlestown and Westerly is hereby repealed. True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, *Sec'ry.*

AN ACT relating to justices of the peace, who have neglected to make their returns to the General Treasurer, pursuant to law.

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

The justices of the peace in the several towns, who have neglected to make their returns to the General Treasurer pursuant to law, are hereby authorized and permitted to make their returns to the General Treasurer at any time previous to the third day of the next session of this Assembly: and said returns, when so made, shall be as valid and effectual as if they had been made at this session, according to law: and said justices of the peace, who have neglected to make their returns as aforesaid, and all who have made said returns, (except justices of the peace elected at this session of the Assembly,) with as full power and authority as they have at any time had.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, *Sec'ry.*

AN ACT in relation to the appointment of Inspectors of the State Prison.

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

That Inspectors of the State Prison shall hereafter be be appointed by the Governor.

True copy—witness:
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'ry.

RESOLUTION in relation to returns of collectors of Taxes.

Resolved, That the Collectors of Taxes, who have neglected to make their returns within the time prescribed by law, to the General Treasurer, of the money collected by them, as a tax in commutation of military duty, be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to pay over to the General Treasurer, the money so collected by them, on or before the first Monday of June next, in the same manner and with the effect as if such payment had been made on or before the first Monday of April last; and no prosecution shall be commenced against such collectors for neglecting to pay over said money as by law required: *Provided*, they pay over the same within the time herein prescribed.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'ry.

TO LET.



The pleasantly situated dwelling HOUSE, on the north side of Franklin street, next to the corner of Spring-st. For terms, apply to
T. C. DUNN.

HOUSE TO LET.



THE ESTATE corner of Thames street and Washington Square;—Possession given the 25th of March or sooner if desired. The House has been thoroughly repaired the past season, and contains more than 20 rooms, is well arranged for a Boarding House,—its location being unsurpassed for that business. There are 4 Shops in the basement, which will be let with the House if desired. For terms &c., apply to
JOSEPH CASE, *on the Premises.*
Newport, Feb. 20, 1847

For Sale or to Let.



ONE HALF of the Wyatt house, situated in Middletown, about 3 miles from Newport, together with the front door yard, Garden, Orchard, and barn yard, with a crib thereon standing.

LIKEWISE FOR SALE, a lot of Land containing 13½ acres, bounded northerly on land late of Nathaniel Wyatt, easterly on land of the heirs of Jonathan Smith, southerly on a road, and easterly on land of Nathaniel Wyatt.

For terms apply to PETER P. REMINGTON,
April 10, 1847.] *Att'y to Elizabeth Langley.*

For Sale or To Let.



VOSE'S TOURO STREET COTTAGE, containing 14 rooms, with a Stable, Store-house, &c. Possession given the 1st of May.
Newport, March 20, 1847.

TO LET,

And immediate possession given.



THE dwelling House, situated in Clark street, recently occupied by the late Miss Sally Dillon.

ALSO, the whole or part of the House situated corner of Spring and Cannon sts.
April 10, 1847.] J. S. MUNRO.

TO LET.



THAT pleasant and convenient House, next south of the subscriber's residence, on the Main street, near the Market, now occupied by Wm. C. Cozzens, Esq. Possession given on the 1st of May next, or sooner if required. The house can be seen at any time previous, by calling on the present occupant. For further information apply to
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.
Newport, March 27, 1847.

FOR SALE.



THE subscriber offers for sale the estate which he recently occupied, situated at the corner of Touro and High streets on the Hill.

The House has every convenience for the residence of a private family, or for taking boarders; has a good well of water, and the yard and garden is well filled with trees and shrubbery. For terms apply to HENRY OMAN.
Feb. 27, 1847.

WING & BATES,

LUMBER DEALERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Gardiner, Me.,

WILL attend to the purchase and forwarding all kind of Lumber to order. Dimention Timber of all descriptions sawed from Pine, Spruce or Hemlock, furnished at short notice.
Gardiner, March 27, 1847.—6m.

PICKLES and PRESERVES, at
YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

HUCKABUCK TOWELLING.

TWENTY PS. Huckabuck Towelling, warranted all linen, and a very serviceable article, for sale cheap by
May 4-] WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

Executors' Notice.

THE subscribers, having been duly qualified as Executors of the last Will and Testament of *MRS. MARTHA REDWOOD CHAMPLIN*, of Newport, deceased, hereby request all persons having demands against her estate to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

ELBERT J. ANDERSON, } *Executors.*
SAMUEL B. VERNON, }
March 27, 1847.

FLOWER SEED, *just received* and for sale a choice variety of annual and perenial flower seed, warranted the growth of 1846, at
YOUNG'S, next South of the Town Hall.

MALAGA GRAPES, are to be had at
YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

Wrapping Paper.

300 REAMS,—*of various kinds*,
For sale very cheap at
JAMES HAMMONDS.
May 8.

REMOVAL.

Nathan M. Chafee,



BRASS FOUNDER *& COPPER SMITH*, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles in the Copper-smith and Foundry line, manufactured and repaired.



J. M. HAMMETT,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

133 1-2

THAMES STREET,

("LONG ROOM,")

NEWPORT, R. I.

☞ Garments cut and made in the most fashionable style. *Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, &c., &c.*, constantly on hand.

NOW OPENING, AT

James H. Hammett's,

159 1-2 THAMES STREET.

—CONSISTING OF—

PRINTED AND WROUGHT CASHMERES, BLACK SILK, BLACK DAMASK, AND CHILDREN'S NETT SHAWLS; BLACK MANTILLA SILK; BLACK SILK LACE EDGINGS; BONNET AND CAP RIBBONS; SILK CRAVATS; CHEAP LINEN HDK'CHIEFS; GENTS. LINEN HDK'FS, *Colored Borders*; CORDED & MARSEILLES SKIRTS; MARSEILLES QUILT COVERS; COMBS; STEEL TRIMMINGS; STEEL BUTTONS; COL'RD GLASS BUTTONS, &C. &C.
April 17, 1847.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to Insure against *LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE*, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactories, Buildings, and Merchandise, and also against *MARINE RISKS* on favorable terms. The capital stock

$150,000

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

☞ DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 3D, 1844.

William Rhodes, Wilbur Kelly, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Jabez Bullock, and Walker Humphrey.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, *Agent.*

WILBER KELLY, *President.*
ALLEN O. PECK, *Secretary.*
American Insurance Co.'s }
Office, Feb. 7, 1846. }

CARPETINGS,

PAPER HANGINGS.

WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

HAVE just received their Spring stock of THREE PLY, BRUSSELLS, SUPERFINE INGRAIN, EXTRA FINE, and all the more common qualities of Carpeting, which embrace a handsome assortment of new patterns. They will be offered at the very lowest prices.

—*ALSO*—

About 1000 yards in Remnants, fitted for bedside pieces, from 1 1-2 to 3 yards long, at a most wonderful bargain.

—*ALSO*—

About ☞ 120 ☜ new styles of PAPER HANGINGS,

Of all the various qualities and prices, to which the attention of housekeepers is invited,—with the assurance that the assortment is very handsome, and as low as can be purchased anywhere.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A FULL ASSORTMENT just received at *JAMES H. HAMMETT'S*, No. 159½ Thames street, consisting of—De Laines, Ginghams, Palmarines, Prints, Hosiery, Gloves, Gimps, Fringes, &c. &c., which will be sold at *reasonable prices.*
Newport, April 3, 1847.

Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs.

The *cheapest* and *best* lot ever before offered. For sale at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.
April 10.

Canvass Carpets.

TWENTY pieces of Canvass Carpets, of various widths, opened yesterday. For sale Cheap by WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
May 1.

Prints Only.

SPRING STYLES, 1847.

LEE & BREWSTER,

44 CEDAR STREET,

NEW YORK,

Beg leave to inform Dealers in Dry Goods, that they have received, and are now exhibiting, at THE WAREHOUSE EXCLUSIVELY for *Printed Calicoes*,

200 CASES,

Comprising all the

New Spring Styles,

Of *British, French* and *American Manufacture*; which, in ADDITION to their usual stock, renders their assortment one of the most beautiful and attractive in the city; and having *just* been purchased for

CASH AND SHORT CREDIT.

Are offered by the piece or package on the *same terms*, at and below manufacturers prices.

Catalogues of prices (corrected daily,) are placed in the hands of buyers.

Purchasers will inform themselves of the state of the market, and be well repaid for an examination, even if they do not purchase.

L. & B. have peculiar advantages for executing orders for prints, which are respectfully solicited.

LEE & BREWSTER,
44 Cedar street.

TO LET.



THE CHAMBERS in the House standing at the upper end of the Main street, next North of William Stevens', and *immediate* possession given. For further information apply to
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.
JOHN D. NORTHAM.
Newport, March 27, 1847.

BIRD SEED and CAGES, for sale cheap, at
YOUNG'S.

FIGS and Dates, fresh and good, at
YOUNG'S, next south of the Town Hall.

New Ginghams.

AT
JAMES H. HAMMETT'S.

USEFUL FANCY ARTICLES,

OF EVERY KIND.

TOGETHER with a beautiful lot, suitable for Fillipene or holyday presents, comprising in part the following:—

Fancy Boxes, of various designs; Silk Purses; Pocket Books; Hair, Clothes, Tooth, Shoe and Bathing Brushes; Gents walking canes; Ladies' and Gents Combs of all kinds, and of the latest fashion; Pocket knives; scissors & razors; Strops; segar cases,—and in fact almost any thing you can think of, at YOUNG'S, next South of Town Hall, Newport.

CHEMICAL STOVE POLISH.

FOR polishing Stoves, Grates, and Iron Ornamental work of every description. For sale wholesale and retail at the Manufacturers price, by
April 24.] R. J. TAYLOR.

RICH SILK GOODS.

SILKS for MANTILLAS and VISITES, with *gimps, fringes*, and *buttons* to match.

Plain Mousoline de Laine, with Embroidery braids, gimps and buttons to match.

Extra Rich Silks for dresses.

Just received by
April 24] E. W. LAWTON & SON.

Neapolitan Bonnets.

PATTISON, NOE, & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 23 Delancy Street, *New York.*
Feb. 27, 1847.—3m.

New Bonnets.

TWO Cases of the NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles, this day received and for sale by *MISS RODMAN*, at
Ap. 24.] JAMES HAMMOND'S.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate, of the Town of Newport, Guardian to the person and estate of

JOHN B. CLARKE,

a lunatic belonging to said Newport, requests all persons having demands against said John B. Clarke, to present them within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment.

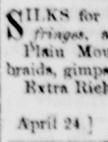
P. P. REMINGTON, *Guardian.*
Newport, May 8, 1847.

ANCIENT and REAL

Linnæan Botanic Garden AND NURSERY,

late of **WILLIAM PRINCE** *deceased*

FLUSHING, L. I., NEAR NEW YORK.



THE *NEW PROPRIETORS* of this celebrated Nursery, known as Prince's, and exclusively designated by the above title for nearly fifty years, offer for sale every description, including the newest and choicest varieties of

—FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Shrubs, Vines, Plants, Roses, &c., and the genuineness of which may be depended upon; and they will unremittingly endeavor to merit the Confidence and Patronage of the Public, by INTEGRITY and LIBERALITY in dealing, and *Moderation* in charges. WINTER & CO.,
March 13, 1847.] *Proprietors*

☞ ORDERS received by *CHARLES N. TILLEY*, 128 Thames street, (up stairs) Newport, R. I.

Mourning Goods.

A very full and desirable assortment, not *surpassed* by any in town. For sale at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.
April 10.

NEW RIBBONS.

JUST received from New York—new styles of Bonnet Ribbons, which I offer for sale at *very low prices*—also, a good assortment of Thread Edging, &c. &c. P. MOREY.
April 17.

Knitting Cotton.

BLEACHED, Unbleached, Blue, Mixed, Nankin, Fawn, Drab and Hard-twisted, at
April 17.] J. H. HAMMETT'S.

CARPETS, at REDUCED PRICES.

PREPARATORY to a *new supply* we'll sell from our present stock at very low prices.
April 10.] *E. W. LAWTON & SON.*

NOW is your time to buy Toys. Young has the largest assortment in town, and a "*look*" cheaper than any one else. Next South of the Town Hall.

HAIR OILS & COLOGNE, Perfumery, Soaps, Pomades, &c., in great variety at
YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been duly appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, Guardian of the estate in Rhode Island, of

EMILY CORDELIA BURDICK,

a minor, residing in Richford, in the County of Tioga, State of New York, daughter of Charles W. Burdick, Jun., dec., a son of Charles W. Burdick late of said Newport, dec., and I have given bond to said Court, as the law directs, and the creditors of my said ward are hereby notified to exhibit their claims to me within six months from the date thereof. THOMAS ROACH, *Guardian.*
Newport, April 10, 1847.—6w.

1100

HAVANA Oranges, just received and for sale at
YOUNG'S, next south of the Town Hall.

SEGARS and TOBACCO.

Of the following Brands & Kinds

REGALIA, La Norma, La Primavera, Colorado, Havana, Panetela, and Principe; Cavendish and Aromatic chewing tobacco, also Miller and Anderson's fine cut *Smoking Tobacco*, and Pipes. And everything of the kind usually kept in such Store, by H. YOUNG, next South Town Hall.

DEAFNESS CAN BE CURED.

COOPER'S ETHERIAL OIL.—A prompt and lasting remedy for *DEAFNESS*, and also for pains and discharge of matter from the Ears.

Hundreds of cures in cases deemed utterly hopeless have firmly established its superiority over every former Medical discovery.

This valuable Accoustic Medicine is a compound of four different Oils, one of which, the active and principal ingredient, is obtained from the bark of a certain species of Walnut, a new and effectual agent in the cure of deafness.

☞ Persons afflicted with deafness, no matter of how long standing, (if not born so,) who have tried every other remedy in vain—are requested to call upon the Agents and procure a *printed sheet* containing Certificates and other evidences of its efficacy, which it is hoped will induce every person afflicted with Deafness, to make a trial of this truly valuable medicine. For sale in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR, *Sole Agent.*
March 28, 1846.

BRASS Croton Faucets, of every description and price, for sale by
NATHAN M. CHAFEE.
One door North of the Custom House.

FOR SALE.

A NEW *OX CART*, complete, of good stock and workmanship. Apply to
Jan. 30.] WM. D. STEWART.

AT

LONG ROOM.

J. M. HAMMETT, 133½ Thames street, has just returned from Boston, with an extensive assortment of—

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOE SKINS, and VESTINGS,

Together with every article found in a Merchant Tailor's Establishment, which he will sell as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

TAILORING, *in all its various branches*, carried on as usual.

Trees for Sale



57 Red Berry or Mountain Ash; 8 Cherry Trees; 15 Arborvitaes, 16 Honey Locust; and 6 Elms.

☞ These are fine healthy trees, and are now growing in a Garden lot in this town.—Persons wishing to purchase any of them, can select such as they choose at a reasonable price, on application to CHARLES N. TILLEY.
No 128 Thames Street, *up stairs.*
Newport, April 24, 1847.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Guardian to the persons and estates of her children, HARRIET BLISS FOWLER and SIBELLADA FOWLER, minors under the age of 14 years, and having qualified herself according to law, for the faithful discharge of said trust, she hereby requests all persons interested to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly. HARRIET FOWLER.
Newport, March 27, 1847.

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

No. 9, Burling lip, New York.

CYRUS W. FIELD offers for sale at the lowest Manufacturers' prices, a very extensive assortment of PAPER, comprising every possible variety, adapted to the wants of consumers in all sections of the country. Paper of all kinds made to order at short notice.

The stock of PRINTING PAPER is unusually large, a part of which is of very superior quality.

Paper Makers Materials

of every description, imported and kept constantly on hand, viz;—Feltings, Wire Cloth, Fourdrinier, Wires, Bleaching Powder, Blue, Ultramarine, Twine, &c., &c.

RAGS.

Canvass, Bale Rope, Grass Rope, Bagging, &c., &c., purchased, for which the highest price in Cash will be paid.
New York, July 25, 1846.

MOREY has M. de Lains for one shilling a yard; new styles of Wrought Muslin collars, from 30 to 75 cents. *Also*, Ginghams from 12 1-2 to 25 cents—Scotch goods and fast colours
April 10.

NEWPORT DAGUERREOTYPE ROOMS.

L. T. TEW would respectfully give notice that he has taken rooms in the building corner of Washington Square and Thames street, (third floor,) where he is now prepared to execute miniatures at the shortest notice. Persons wishing pictures of themselves or friends, are invited to call. Copies taken from Paintings and Drawings.—Daguerreotype Pictures taken of deceased persons.

☞ Rooms free to all.

N. B. Perfect satisfaction given, or no charge.
January 16, 1847.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forbid harboring or trusting my wife ABIGAIL, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. WILLIAM TAYLOR.
Newport, May 8, 1847.

FIRST PREMIUM

Chemical Olive Soap.

FOR FAMILY & MANUFACTURERS' USE,

and all other purposes that Soap was ever intended for,

☞ For which a silver medal was awarded by the American Institute Fair, New York, Oct. 1846, and Premiums from other Institutes in the Union.

THE PROPRIETOR has received a large number of Certificates from the best Woolen and Silk Manufacturers, Calico Printers, Dyers and Private Families, of its superior power and mildness, and a saving of more than one half in time and labor, and leaving the Goods in a SOFT and GLOSSY STATE.

☞ This Soap washes free and easy in Salt, Hard, or Soft Water. It removes all kind of Animal Oils, Grease, Tar, Paints, Varnish, Inks, Lamp Oils, Stains, &c. &c. from Carpets, Silks, Satins, Calicoes and Woolen Goods of every description. It preserves and improves the Color and Softness of all articles, and prevents Flannel and Woolen Goods from shrinking, if washed as they should be, (*never wring or twist Flannal or any Woolen Goods.*) All light articles it cleanses and bleaches as white as snow. For cleansing Wool or Yarn it is superior to any article ever used, as it leaves the goods free from any oder as linen, whereby it enables the Dyer to make a far more brilliant and beautiful color on his Goods than he could with any other cleansing article. Let those that have Tin, Copper, Brass, Rusty Stoves, &c. to clean, try it, and they will find that not half its virtues are told. Jewellers will also find it the best article for cleaning off their work that they ever used. Let no Bathing House be without it, for it is the most cleansing, softening and healthy article ever used for the *Skin*. For Stable Keepers, &c., this Soap is the best article ever used for washing and cleansing Carriage Tops, Harness, &c.; it removes every thing, and leaves the leather soft and pliable. It is warranted to give satisfaction on land or at sea—let no vessel go to sea without a box. Put up in boxes, bbls or kegs, to suit customers.

T. P. MERRIAM, Inventor & Proprietor,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

☞ This Soap is for sale in Newport, wholesale and retail by WM. NEWTON,
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Gen. Taylor's Life, Battles & Despatches,

INCLUDING a large number of highly important *Letters* from the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, Gen. Taylor, Gen. Scott, Com. Perry, and the Mexican Authorities. Full and official Accounts of the Battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, Buena Vista and Vera Cruz.

Illustrated with Maps and Plans of the Battle-fields, Cities, and Portraits of the Principal Generals,

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T. C. CLARKE,
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May 1, 1847.

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NEWPORT, R. I.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

ELISHA CASE,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent hereby give notice that six months from the date hereof, are allowed to the creditors of said estate to bring in and prove their claims against the same, and that we will meet at the house of Richard Shaw, on the first Saturdays of March, May and July next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of receiving and examining their several claims.

RICHARD SHAW,
DANIEL B. DAVIS, } *Comm'rs.*
SAMUEL F. HOPKINS,

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
JOSEPH CASE, *Administrator.*

"OAK ROW,"



NO. 2.



SPRING FASHION, 1847.

JUST RECEIVED the largest and most complete assortment of

HATS & CAPS

of the *Spring* style ever offered in this town consisting of—Beaver, Nutria, Mole Skin and Silk Hats. Men's Boys and Children's Caps of the latest New York fashion. Also a large assortment of *SILK CAPS*, new style.

☞ Hats and Caps made to order at the shortest notice. PARKER & WEAVER.
Newport, April 15.

Taylor's BLACK Ink,

Superior to any other.

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I HAVE a few beautiful NEW BONNETS, which I shall open for sale next week. *Call and look at them.*
April 10.] P. MOREY.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

PRESERVED SHERMAN,

late of Portsmouth, deceased, and having qualified himself according to law, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same for settlement, and all those indebted to make immediate payment.

RICHARD SHERMAN.